McKean County Miner.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

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E. H. BARD, Proprietor.

County Superintendent.

I will be found at my office in the Court House on the last Saturday of each month. Rooms at the Rockwell House. M. O. CAMPBELL. 43-1y

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 338, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

C. M. SMITH, W. M.
E. H. BARD, Sec'y

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 198, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.
WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday evening at Masonic Hall.

H. W. RUBIN, N. G.
W. H. WETHERALL, Sec'y

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BAPTIST———, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

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Official Directory.

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Additional Judge—A. F. Wilcox, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
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Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners Office on the first Monday of each month for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. ☞ A special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.

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Smethport, Pa.

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46-1y SMETHPORT PA.

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HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

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Agent of the Trustees.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 31, 1881.

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SELECT POETRY.

AN APRIL GIRL.

The girl that is born on an April day,
Has a right to be merry, lithesome, gay;
And that is the reason I dance and play,
And frisk like a mote in a sunny ray
Wouldn't you
Do it, too,
If you had been born on an April day?

The girl that is born on an April day
Has also a right to cry, they say;
And so I sometimes do give way
When things get crushed or go astray—
Wouldn't you
Do it, too,
If you had been born on an April day?

The girls of March love noise and fray,
And sweet as blossoms are girls of May;
But I belong to the time mid-way—
And so I rejoice in a sunny spray
Of smiles and tears and hop-a-day—
Wouldn't you
Do it, too,
If you had been born on an April day?

Heigh-ho! and hurrah! for an April day,
Its cloud, its sparkle, its skip and stay!
I mean to be happy whenever I may,
And cry when I must, for that's my way.
Wouldn't you
Do it, too,
If you had been born on an April day?
—MARY MAPES DODGE, in St. Nicholas.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Carnival Ball.

FROM THE SPANISH.

By Lady Wilde, in Tinsley's Magazine.

A brilliant crowd of all the rank and fashion of Madrid, from royalty down, filled the splendid rooms. The women closely masked; the men, generally, undisguised, save by their fantastic and gorgeous costumes. Some, however, under the impenetrable mystery of mask and domino, hovered about, and whispered clever or cruel things into startled ears, seeming to know every one, with all the lines of social intrigue, while they themselves remained unknown.

My friend Prince Carlos and I took up a masterly position at the door of the grand *salon*, and amused ourselves by guesses and conjectures on the dazzling stream of humanity that was floating by.

Duly we appreciated the snow-white arms glittering with jewels, the superb hair, the soft, caressing, undulating grace of Spanish movement; but the face still remained a mystery, masked and inscrutable.

However, we had faith in the invisible from the beauty of the visible, and were even quite prepared to fall in love on the evidence vouchsafed, for youth has infinite trust and hope, and a passionate enthusiasm for the mystic and the unknown.

A magnificent Circassian, with hair sweeping the ground, and brow bound with an antique fillet of gold coins, soon captivated the susceptible heart of gay Prince Carlos, and he was speedily led away a bond-slave to the haughty sultana.

While I—but how can I describe the vision of beauty that dazed my senses and slew my reason utterly?

Through the dense crowd, which parted as she advanced, leaving a pathway clear as if for some regal progress, came a masked lady, tall, slight, elegant, gliding on with a balanced movement, as if she walked to music. By her side was a cavalier, also masked; but, from the orders he wore, one could see he was of royal rank.

The costume of the radiant being he escorted seemed meant to represent *The Dawn*. Over the long trailing robes of rose-colored satin embroidered in silver fell a veil of silver gauze in soft cloud-like glittering folds, through which flashed, like rays and arrows of fire, a superb zone of rubies and diamonds. A diadem of the same gems, like points of flame, encircled her brow, and crowned her, as the Goddess of Morning, with an aureole of splendor.

My first impulse was to fall prostrate at her feet; but I fortunately resisted the inclination to offer divine honors, and thought it better to follow in her train, and fill my soul with the loveliness of the earthly form.

In a short time she glided to a sofa, as if weary of dancing or talking or admiration, and, dismissing her cavalier with a grateful wave of the hand, sank back amidst the cushions with the luxurious grace of an odalisque, while she laid her bouquet on the sofa, too fatigued even to inhale its perfume.

I approached, and, with that seductive deference to women for which my manner is celebrated, requested permission to take the vacant place beside her. A Carnival ball has immense privileges, or I would not have dared the risk of such a proposition. The bouquet was in the way, and I gently raised it to my lips just before handing it to the lovely owner.

'You are a courtier, senor,' she said with a smile that disclosed two rows of pearl set in coral. 'But your homage may be a mistake. You know my name, perhaps?'

'I know nothing, serranita,' I replied, 'except that you are divine. Can the face equal that perfect form? Will you not lift the shrouding mask for one moment? But, *que importe*, the face must be beautiful, or Nature would have failed in harmony.'

'Oh, senor!' she said, with something of tenderness in her voice, 'the beautiful seldom wear a mask; they are too eager for conquest and triumph. You, I see, disdain to wear one. It is only the consciousness of being handsome can give one such courage.'

'*Gracias*, serranita; but have I no higher claim to notice? You may have heard my name?'

'All the world,' she answered, 'has heard the name of the poet whose praise confers celebrity. May I, too, hope for a sonnet? A poet should have but one theme—woman.'

'True, most lovely senorita; true inspiration comes from love, and love comes from sight. How can I sing of unseen glories? Remove the mask, I entreat you, that I may behold the divine object which is to kindle admiration to my poetry.'

'O poet! poet! trust to the ideal, I advise you. The actual is always disappointing. Alas! my poor face could hardly kindle the flame of genius. Imagination will give you a higher inspiration.'

'Imagination! Yes, we poets know it well. A mere cloudland of frozen idolism. But true poetry requires passion; and passion only comes from the actual, the visible and the glorious reality of the beautiful.'

'And if I lift my mask, senor poet, will you find the glorious reality of the beautiful in my face? Ah, do not dare the trial. Your poet-soul would recoil from the actual, and I—I should lose your homage and flatteries.'

'Never! never!' I exclaimed impetuously. 'O, enchantress of my very soul, try me—unmask. I shall worship; I shall adore.'

'Enough! enough!' she murmured, laying her fan upon my lips. 'Worship, adore! mere idle poet falsehoods. Truly, Plato was right. Poets should be banished from every well-ordered State, at once.'

'And why, *alma mia*?'

'Because you poets are all pagans and perjurers. You set up idols to worship, and you simulate false homage. Poets do not need to wear a mask—their whole life is a falsehood.'

'So like women, then; but confess. Poets, at least, know how to love, and are worth loving. Lift the mask and you will judge if I can love.'

'I cannot. Sympathy and praise and homage are enchanting to a woman. Why should I risk losing these flatteries, that make me believe I am lovely enough to be loved? If I unmask the words will freeze on your lips; the poet will be turned to stone.'

'Impossible! Your conversation charms me. What mind! what intellect! Yes, even beyond beauty I worship intellect; and I feel drawn to you by a strange sort of spiritual affinity, wholly mental, believe me. Beauty is a mere ephemeral adjunct: the true perfection is in the soul.'

'This appreciation of intellect is indeed touching,' she said earnestly. 'Yet—shall I—shall I confess it? I would rather be thought beautiful even for a moment than hear all your praises of my intellect. No; I cannot risk the trial. The flame kindled by intellect would be soon extinguished by—must I say the word—a fatal ugliness.'

'O, fear not, serrana. I deny and defy the ugliness. And where could it exist? The features may be irregular, but there is the grace of expression—a very lovely thing. Indeed, I prefer it to positive beauty. And if the mind charms, the face will also. I could swear it. From long experience I have acquired a certain instinct for the discernment of masks. No; I cannot be deceived. I have too good a nose for that.'

My companion started slightly and averted her head, as if offended by such a vulgarism, but was soon herself again, and, extending her hand, assured me by this graceful gesture that I was already forgiven.

'There is but one thing to regret if you unmask,' I continued, clasping the little hand fervently; 'I shall lose all the delicious privileges of the carnival ball. I of course will not ask your name or rank. I only want permission to utter the one phrase—I love you!'

'You forget,' she said, and the little hand was nervously withdrawn. 'You have not seen my face. If I unmask you will scarcely wait to utter a frigid *a los pies de usted* before you fly from my side in horror.'

'Never,' I exclaimed. 'The idea is an insult to the holy instincts of the poet's soul. And grant even that some unhappy accident has marred your beauty, can that affect the brilliancy of your conversation, the music of your voice, the seductive grace of your figure? No, no! A woman with such gifts must be always fascinating. And if the face be indeed ugly, I shall pardon the casket for the sake of the jewel it contains.'

She was evidently touched, and murmured, as she shattered the petals of a rose from her bouquet:

'Yet—yet—is not ugliness the one unpardonable sin in woman? And does not the poet feel this? Do not you know it?'

'A calumny, serranita. None but shallow minds hold such a creed—not natures like mine. Let me untie the mask—where can be the risk? Do I not see this perfect form and the glorious eyes that flash on me like the stars of night, with those golden tresses falling on a neck whiter than the pearls that encircle it? And think you I have not noticed the perfect form of your head and the delicious smile of that rose-leaf mouth?'

'Ah, there may be something left to terrify—eyes and mouth alone do not make a face beautiful. Have you seen all?'

'I may say all. The—nose—certainly, is the only feature'—(here I was interrupted by her laughter). 'You laugh, my sweet serrana. Is it—Roman, perhaps?'

'Or Carthaginian, for aught I know. I really cannot take upon myself to affirm its order.'

'No, no, no!' I exclaimed. 'It is not possible that an abnormal or an anomalous nose could coexist with other beauties so perfect, so harmonious. However, I take the consequences! With that mouth, those eyes, that form, sylph-like form—what more could I desire? Any woman simply with your eyes and your intellect must be charming, irresistible, divine! Unmask, then, my heart is yours already! The mere accident of features can have no influence on a love as deep as mine!'

'Rash man, you tempt a dreadful fate!' she said quietly, laying her hand on mine with a warning gesture.

'Away with fears!' I cried. 'By this little hand now in mine I swear to love you now and forever—forever! The homage of my whole life is yours.'

'Well then—alas, how weak we women are!' and her voice trembled. 'Will love survive the ordeal? Here, untie the mask yourself—my hand trembles so, I cannot do it. It is the supreme moment of my life! Will you still love me when the mask falls?'

'Angel of my life, can you doubt me? O, fortune! O, felicity! My own hand unbars the gates of paradise! Give me the lyre, O Muse. I am Pindar! I am Apollo! Will this knot never untie! I shall cut the string. O rapture. Now, 'tis done! Beautiful—'

But the word died on my lips; the mask fell from my hand, and I sank back stunned, fainting, horror-struck. O, what a nose! What a nose!.. No, never could I have imagined that Nature was capable of bringing to mask a frightful excess the phenomena, the hyperbole of noses. Quevedo's sonnet, beginning, 'There once was a man with an awful nose,' would read tame and spiritless beside it.' This was no human nose. It was a beatroot, a spear, a pyramid, a pyramid of Egypt.

Good heavens! and to talk of the progress of humanity, of our social system being regenerated, when such abuses are permitted to exist! If it be wise and just to repress the tendency toward the vague and exaggerated in our political institutions, why is there no law against the vagueness, the exaggeration of noses? Why is our idea of humanity to be desecrated? Why should all the finer sensibilities of my nature to be so ruthlessly outraged? Why should a poet's divine sense of beauty—but here I became conscious that the dreadful being at my side was staring at me. Yes, staring full in my face, with grave malignant intensity as she said:

'You know I warned you. The features may be a little irregular, no doubt, but then there is the grace of expression, a very lovely thing, you say. Indeed you prefer it to positive beauty, do you not? And the intellect—you worship intellect—you know that at least remains unchanged. Will you not give me your arm, senor? Let us proceed to supper.'

'Pardon me, serranita,' I stammered. 'I had forgotten a very particular engagement—you will excuse me.' But the words choked me. I felt in the last throes of strangulation, and would have dropped down, I think, dead on the spot, if happily the nose-bulwarked serrana, no doubt accustomed to her own deformity, had not laughed outright at my miserable confusion.

This gave me courage to rise, and with a profound salute and a frigid 'a los pies de usted,' I fled from the terrible shadow of that stupendous nasal organ.

Horror winged my feet, anger blinded me; I stumbled over chairs and tables and people. Earth did not seem wide enough to separate me from that terrible headland, whence all my hopes had gone to ruin. The shadow of it still seemed to darken the ground around me and I would have rushed to my hotel, regardless of cloak or carriage, if another evil had not assailed me. I was faint from hunger and exhaustion. The nose seemed to have abstracted all my vitality, and the strongest impulse of my nature at that moment was a savage voracity.

I flew to the supper room, took possession of a table, quaffed a goblet of champagne and ordered plate after plate with the wild eagerness of appetite and rage.

I was at my fifth, when, *triste de mi!* there, just fronting me, stood the serranita—I should rather say the nose, more lurid, more gigantic than ever, now that I beheld it in the full glare of the supper room.

A masked gypsy was holding her hand at the moment, to read her fortune, and I heard him say: "Queen of beauty today; queen of an empire to-morrow."

"Queen of beauty!" I repeated scornfully, and again I meditated flight. But the nose petrified me by saying, with a *dolcezza infernale*, 'Will not the gracious senor condu'ct me to supper? I have been lingering for your return. Why did you leave me?'

I trembled like an aspen, and the nose laughed; but the grave and haughty cavalliero with the royal orders on his breast did not laugh. This was doubly irritating. I would have given worlds for a pretext to run him through the body.

'Senora,' I gasped forth.

'O senor,' she exclaimed quickly, 'perhaps a particular engagement, or has intellect lost its charm for you? But pray do not take any trouble; merely a glass of *poncha de la Romana*, nothing more.'

And the nose seemed to twist and curl with indignant contempt.

This cool audacity piqued me, and with indignant emphasis I replied:

'Senorita, I present you the beverage with pleasure, but will not your nose be rather in the way of your enjoying the draught? Unless you can abridge that very majestic feature, I do not see how—'

'*Gracias, senor!*' she said, interrupting me, 'you are most considerate; but I do not drink with my nose. However, it would be more convenient if abridged. Shall I try?'

'How? What? Can it be? I stammered.

'O pray do not be alarmed, senor,' she said laughingly, 'the process is very simple;' and, raising a small white hand to her face, she slowly and daintily drew away the obnoxious, fiery beacon, and her own fair, delicate, Grecian nose, perfect as the rest of her beautiful features, appeared beneath.

Cielo guistal it was of cardboard. A mere carnival trick. And I had been deceived, maddened, done to death nearly, by a thing like that—a nose, a painted nose! 'O, if the earth could only open and swallow me up!' I inwardly ejaculated; for had I not ignored, yes, horribly insulted, the most beautiful woman in the court of Madrid? True, O true! For it was, indeed, the lovely countess T—— that now stood before me with a mocking smile playing over her exquisite mouth.

I could have thrown myself at her feet, I could have killed myself for rage and despair and shame; but my remorse and abject terror only seemed to heighten her amusement, and, taking the arm of her haughty cavalier with royal orders, the superb beauty saluted me with a profound reverence and a smiling '*Beso a usted la mano*,' and swept on in the glitter of her raiment and her jewels and her loveliness to join the dancers.

Not hunger, but despair, now winged my feet as I fled along the corridor and down the grand staircase, and nearly overthrew Prince Carlos as I passed him in the whirlwind of my flight.

'Whither so fast, my friend?' he exclaimed. 'Why, you are the envy of the whole room! You have been talking to the loveliest woman in Spain for the last half hour. And do you know the news? The Queen herself has just told me. It is all settled; the lovely Countess is to wear a royal crown; and right well she will grace a throne. But do not speak of it. It is a state secret as yet, though of course we all guessed the truth. Heavens! is she not beautiful? I am to be the new Ambassador, and you shall have a high post in the Embassy, I promise you. But—what is the matter? You are as pale as death?'

'Peace!' I exclaimed, in a voice stifled by rage, dashing away his hand, that rested on my arm. 'Peace! I must away—suicide—death—oblivion! Farewell!'

And I sprang into the carriage awaiting me with set teeth and clenched hands and fixed resolve to start the following morning for Cuba, or the interior of Africa, or the North Polar Expedition; anywhere that would place a whole continent between me and the bitter memory of the Carnival Ball and the shadow of the Carnival Nose—that fatal promontory on which my happiness had been wrecked for life.

The Little Children's Watches.

Yesterday an old man entered a Little Rock store, and taking from his pocket an old buckskin pouch, he empied two coins on the counter, and then, after regarding the silver for a few moments, said:

'Mister, I want to buy some goods to make a dress.'

'That money is mutilated, old gentleman. That twenty-five cent piece has notches filed in it, and this fifty-cent piece has been punched. You see, they have been abused. I can't take them.'

'Abused,' said the old man. 'Abused,' and he took up the fifty-cent piece and looked at it tenderly. 'And you won't take it on account of the holes? Heaven grant that I did not have to offer it to you. Years ago when my first child was a little girl I punched a hole in this coin and strung it around her neck. It was her constant plaything. At night when she went to bed we'd take it off, but early at morning she would call for her watch. When our John—you didn't know John, did you? No. Well, he used to come to town a good deal.'

'Where is he now?' asked the merchant, not knowing what to say, but desiring to show appreciation of the old man's story.

'He was killed in the war. I say that when John was a little boy I strung this quarter around his neck. One day his watch got out of fix, he said, and he filed these notches in it. He and his sister Mary—that was the girl's name—used to play in the yard and compare their watches to see if Mary's was right. Sometimes John wouldn't like it because Mary's watch was bigger than his, but she would explain that she was bigger than him and ought to have a bigger watch. The children grew up, but as they had always lived in the woods, they were not ashamed to wear their watches. When a young man came to see Mary once she forgetfully looked at her fifty cents. What are you doing? asked the young man, and when she said she was looking at her watch, he took it as a hint and went home. After this she did not wear her watch in company. Well, Mary and the young man were married. John went off in the army and got killed. Mary's husband died, and about two years ago Mary was taken sick. When her mother and I reached her house she was dying. Calling me to the bed she said: Papa, lean over. I leaned over, and, taking something from under my pillow, she placed it around my neck and said: Papa, take care of my watch.'

The old man looked at the merchant. The eyes of both men were moist. 'Do you see that boy out there on the wagon?' he said. 'Well, that is Mary's child. I wouldn't part with this money, but my old wife, who always loved me, died this morning, and I have come to buy her a shroud.'

When the man went out he carried a bundle in one hand and the 'watches' in the other.

A Model Fireman.

D. T. Davidson, Chief of the Fire Department at Zanis, Ohio, is probably one of the best firemen in that State. He is the proprietor of a large bakery, and in it has a fire alarm box and a telephone side by side. The Commercial Hotel is about half a block away, and requiring an extra supply of the staff of life, called the worthy chief up on the telephone and sung out "send five loaves bread." The Chief understood the infernal machine to say "Fire overhead." The hook was pulled, and the department arrived in time to drink at the expense of the bakery.

The business of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad company for the month of January, 1882, is reported as follows: Gross earnings, $280,757.30; expenses, $166,595.05; net earnings, $95,162.25. This is an increase of $26,173 over the net earnings for the same period last year.

CONDUCTOR'S DISCHARGED.

DETECTIVE WORK ON THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The sensation caused by the late discharge of B. & M. conductors is still fresh in the public mind. It wasn't a circumstance, however, to the cleaning out of the Union Pacific ticket punchers announced to-day.

On last August five detectives from New York were sent out by parties in the East who were interested in the road, and have been over since that time spotting the conductors on the line all the way from Omaha to Ogden and including the Denver and other branches.

It appears that some time ago a regulation was adopted requiring all conductors upon collecting a cash fare from passengers to give them a 'drawback ghost' or voucher for certain duty cents, which would be cashed on presentation at the company's ticket offices at any time after the completion of the journey. It is claimed that the Union Pacific officials were not agreed as to this regulation, it being held in some of the departments that it was not a proper thing to do, and in others that it was and must be adhered to. The latter party apparently prevailed, but the conductors knowing of the differences did not comply strictly with the rule, as they would otherwise have done. In many instances no checks were given, although at the same time the fare was reported in to the company. The drawback ticket was adopted as a check upon the obsolete practice of "knocking down" fares on the company, and these detectives, when they spotted a man who did not comply with the regulations, at once set him down for a thief and put him on the black list. This list swelled in size until it contained 165 names.

The first intimation of trouble was when a few days since General Superintendent Clark made a trip out of the line, probably to prepare the division superintendents for the coming storm. He was observed by one of the employes to have a long roll of paper covered with names, and an accidental glimpse of the pages showed that the names were those of conductors only. A word or two of a subsequent conversation between Clark and another official was overheard, which gave the thing away, though not in "all in its overshadowing vastness."

To-day the boards in the train dispatcher's offices along the line, on which the name of the conductor on each outgoing train is daily written, opposite the train number, presented an unusual appearance, there being a double instead of a single column of names. Opposite the name of each conductor "a new name" was written, according to scriptural prophesy. Gradually the truth all came out as the new men went out one by one and the old men were left. There are 165 in all black listed.

This includes every passenger conductor running out of Omaha with the exception of a few who have been taking a lay off and do not know their fate yet.

The vacant places are being filled with men from the U. P. headquarters and with imported men, while of course many of the brakemen are being advanced and placed in charge of freight and passenger crews. A well known passenger conductor says that many of these men know absolutely nothing about the running of trains and passengers will now depend entirely on the engineers.

They will, however, stand by the company, and no danger is apprehended. The old conductors are making no kick at all, but will hunt jobs elsewhere at once. They feel that they are wronged, but do not lay it to the general officers here, of whom they speak in the highest terms to a man. They say the affair would never occurred in a busy season, but that travel is light and the eastern stockholders thought they would try the experiment.

H. W. and T. K. Beecher.

The Rochester *Democrat's* New York correspondent, Macaulay, in his last budget sent to that paper, thus alludes to the Beecher family:

"While the orator of Plymouth church is absent on a lecturing tour, his brother, Thomas K. Beecher, of Elmira, occupies his pulpit. He is, however, only half-brother, and this makes a vast difference. The first four children, including Henry Ward and Mrs. Stowe, inherited genius from their mother, who was really a wonderful woman. She died early, and the second wife, though highly respected, was not a genius. The misfortune, however, with Plymouth pulpit is, that it has had too much display of mere genius, and too little of solid instruction. Beecher's lecture fee is $600, and the money must be paid or secured before he appears on the platform. There is great curiosity to hear a man who has been so long before the public, and lecturing in a very suitable way of satisfying the starving crowd. Beecher is the only Brooklyn pastor who does not call that place his home. He can no longer vote there, having removed his residence to his Peekskill establishment. He boards with his son while in Brooklyn, where he only spends a limited part of his time. For a $30,000 man, he certainly takes the clerical profession in a free and easy manner. There is, however, but one Beecher, and human it is just as well to let him have his own way. The report of his illness at Chicago, created a deep sensation here, but as he has resumed lecturing; temporary fears are abated. It is evident, however, that Beecher is overdoing himself, and he has of late displayed unmistakable signs of mental decay.

"A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever."

That "thing of beauty" is Hamilton's Cough Balsam and in every household where tried, it has proven itself a thing of "joy" that will last "forever." It has permanently cured that beautiful young daughter whom you thought a victim of that dreaded disease, Consumption. Price per bottle, 50 cents, sample bottles 25 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

BENNETT HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE
SMETHPORT, PA.

This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, newly refurnished and refurbished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania. ☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished throughout with new furniture. It is conveniently located with the Depot, Express Office and Telegraph Office in the house. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. H. SOWERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished to all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

C. H. MOORE - - - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the McK. & N. and B. R. & P. R. R. depots. The house has been recently refitted, and is now furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR

The above House has been recently Refitted, Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

250 *Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,*

Opposite the R. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carroll Streets,

Buffalo, N. Y

Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house has been recently refurnished in the most modern style. It is centrally located, and affords easy access to all of the R. N. Y. Co., L. S. and Lake Shore depots. Barrel cars pass it. Street from all parts of the city continually.

R. SULLY - - Prop'r.

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 8, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House.

Pierce House,

(Near R. N. & B. R. R. Depot.)

Water St., - - - - Smethport, Pa.

A. H. PIERCE, Proprietor.

Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Billiard Parlors connected. Everything new, house having been just completed. Charges very moderate.

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

SCOTT HOUSE

K. L. SCOTT, PROPRIETOR,

Port Allegany, Pa.

Physicians.

S. D. FREEMAN,

Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCOY.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office at residence, cor. Main and Byron streets

Smethport, Pa.

E. G. BROWN

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office and rooms over the Post Office.

Smethport Pa.

THOS. H. CARROLL,

PHSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office in Wright House. SMETHPORT, PA.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A, FEBY 25, 1882.

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority from me. All trespassers upon said lands, and the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the conditions and terms of leases can be learned from the leases themselves. All others are cautioned against purchasing on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidences, as valuable foundations, and will make prosecution.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., April 6, 1882.

OUR CANDIDATE.

In another column we publish the proceedings of the County Committee on Tuesday last, which includes a resolution, unanimously adopted, asking the State Convention to nominate for the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs, Hon. L. Rogers, the present Deputy Secretary of that Department. We are confident that the purpose of that resolution will meet with the most cordial commendation, not only of every Republican, but of every progressive and fair-minded citizen of the county, regardless of political views or partisan feeling. Of all the names that have been mentioned as probable candidates for places on the Republican State ticket next fall, or that may yet be brought forward, that of Hon. Lucius Rogers as the candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs, in every sense meets the demands as to fitness, propriety, justice, public and political expediency and party harmony.

Since the incumbency of the present Secretary he has held the position of Deputy Secretary. In that position he has been charged with all the duties and responsibilities of the head of the Department. That he has faithfully and most capably managed the affairs of this important Department is universally conceded by all who have occasion to know by having dealings therewith. The most important branch of the Department of Internal Affairs is the Land Office, and in the transaction of business the office has constant dealings with some of the best and ablest lawyers of the State, many of whom are Democrats, and it is openly conceded by all these gentlemen that the business of the office has never been transacted so promptly and satisfactorily as during the present term. This is a just compliment to Mr. Rogers who has given his personal and constant attention to every detail of the duties of the office. There is in these days a good deal of *talk* about civil service reform. It is to be hoped that it will not all end in talk, and if for no other reason than that it would be in perfect consonance with the most correct idea of reform in the civil service, Mr. Rogers should be nominated almost unanimously and elected with certainty. He has performed all the duties of the more subordinate post, faithfully and satisfactorily, and has earned the right to promotion. It would be a palpable injustice to him and a detriment to the public service if another man, a stranger to the duties and requirements of the position, should be preferred over a tried and faithful public servant.

Mr. Rogers is justly entitled to the nomination to this position at the hands of his party. We can mention no prominent member of the party in this State who has rendered more faithful, loyal and unstinted service. While not assuming to be a leader, he has been content to be a worker, and has given the best part of his life to the upbuilding of the party, the upholding of its principles, the continuance of its success, and the elevation of other and often less deserving men to high position. By reason of long service and experience he has become indispensable in the management of a close campaign in the State, and more than one Chairman of the Republican State Committee has profited by his services as Secretary of the Committee and extensive acquaintance with local politics and politicians throughout the State to win glory and a successful campaign when defeat was not improbable. He has thus earned the gratitude and recognition of the party. No matter what divisions of sentiment may exist as to defects in the control of the party organization, all factions can consistently unite in recognizing this fact.

To the citizens of this county and the mass of the voters of the Northern oil field the nomination of Mr. Rogers would give great satisfaction and add immeasurably to the strength of the entire ticket. One of the pioneer citizens of the county, he has always been known and recognized as one of its most progressive and public spirited. By the more recent citizens of the county his ability and usefulness as a representative and ally of the sentiment and industries of this section of the State is unquestioned and gladly recognized. If the next Republican State Convention wishes to recognize the rights and position of the Northern counties, as every interest of good policy demands it should, such recognition could not be more wisely accorded than by the nomination of Hon. Lucius Rogers as its candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs. He is neither a factionist or would-be dictator, but a thorough, earnest, working Republican, more desirous for the success of the party and its principles than the personal advancement of any man or set of men. He is personally identified with the fortunes or purposes of no clique, ring or faction. His services have been given to the party and organization as it existed, believing that whatever evils may have grown up would be corrected by the force of an intelligent public will, without disruption or surrender to the enemy. He is thus fettered with no political entanglements within the party, and with his experience and extensive acquaintance with its personnel, is peculiarly fitted to do great service to the party at the present time in a wider field of duty and responsibility. We contemplate no man having the welfare of the party at heart, who is not influenced by personal and selfish considerations, will deny that both party and public interests will be best served by the promotion of Mr. Rogers from Deputy Secretary to the head of the Department of Internal Affairs.

On Tuesday last the President's veto of the Chinese bill was received in the senate at 1:30 p. m. and read immediately. The President stated that after careful consideration he returned the bill with objections. He held that it conflicted the treaty obligations and violated the faith of the nation, and hoped that Congress would endeavor to find another that would meet the expectations of the people of the United States, and not conflict with the rights of the Chinese. He claimed that Chinese labor had been of great value in this country and that monuments to their industry existed. They had largely built the Pacific railroads across the continent, but it might wisely be considered now whether some limitation may not be put upon the immigration of this labor, but if there is too much of it in one section of the country some labor may be needed in another section and the law should consider this and make such limitation as would permit this labor to go where needed. Opinion is divided as to the action of the President in this matter.

THE MINER contended a year ago, that the town of Sheffield, which is located on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad where it first strikes the main branch of the Tionesta, would eventually become a great oil centre. There is no doubt now that the date is near at hand when that prophesy will be verified. The Jamestown well which was recently struck is four miles directly west of Sheffield. This well has been shrouded in mystery for some time but enough is known of its character to show that it has opened up a very important territory, which must look to Sheffield for all its supplies. The territory directly south of Sheffield, where the Magee and Horton wells are located, is another important region for which Sheffield must be the base of supplies. We are not surprised, therefore, to see the Bardford *Star* agitating a line of railroad to Ludlow on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad direct from the mouth of Chapel Fork. The route is entirely feasible, and there is no reason why the enterprising producers of Bradford who are operating in the Sheffield district should be compelled to travel out of their way to Warren, when they are as near Sheffield at the mouth of Chapel Fork as they are at Warren.

GUITEAU was interviewed by his attorneys, Messrs. Scoville and Reed on Sunday afternoon last. Guiteau was at first quite surly and upbraided Scoville for not being more discreet in talking about a commutation of sentence. "I want you to understand," he said, "that I don't want my sentence commuted to sentence for life. If Arthur can't give me a free, full pardon, I don't want any favors from him. I don't want any more interference in this matter. When I want a pardon I shall send word to the President, and at the same time present him with a copy of the new edition of my book; that will fix it." Before the interview closed, he struck a generous strain, and calling Scoville aside, presented him with $126, part of the money he received for the sale of the clothes in which he murdered the President. Scoville, it appears, has not made up his mind to abandon Guiteau's case.

A WRITER has recently given it as his opinion that Forest county contains the largest body of hemlock timber on the globe. We think that is a mistake. There is a territory from fifteen to twenty miles in width, of which the line dividing the counties of McKean and Potter from Clinton, Cameron and Elk is about the centre, and which extends nearly across the county of Forest to the Allaghany river, where there is undoubtedly more hemlock timber than can be found in the same area in any other section of the globe. There is now and then a locality like the neighborhood of Wilcox where it has been cut into somewhat, but really it is yet a primeval forest, and cannot but result in a source of immense revenue to the counties named.

CORNELIUS J. VANDERBILT, a son of the old Commodore, suicided in a New York Hotel on Sunday last. The deceased was a younger brother of William H. Vanderbilt and very unlike his brother in disposition. He was known as "Cornie" among all the about-town men of New York, and led a life of jollity and dissipation, the result of which brought on ill-health, which is supposed to have been the cause of his suicide. He is credited with the possession of a vast fund of good nature and was popular with all who knew him.

THE delegates from Armstrong county to the Republican State Convention will have but little to say in the selection of a State ticket excepting to vote. And when they come to discharge that duty they will have no discretion in the matter for they are instructed how to vote for every candidate on the ticket. Why not instruct four parrots and let them do the voting? It will save expense as they can fly to Harrisburg while the human parrots will be compelled to pay fare.

IT begins to look as though there might be trouble in store for Col. S. H. Dick in his own county. Maj. McFarland, a popular citizen of Meadville, has been announced as a candidate for Congressman-at-large, and some people think he will carry the county over Dick. It would prove a cold day for the latter if he permits so grave a catastrophe as that to occur in his own home. But stranger things than that are happening in the political world every day.

IT would appear that some of the Indian tribes are being civilized to a dangerous degree. The latest place in their onward progress is the action of the chief Crow Dog, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Spotted Tail, in writing the Commissioner of Indian affairs asking him to furnish funds for the appeal of the case to the United States Supreme Court. Commissioner Price refuses to encourage the red man by interfering.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4, 1882.

Congress is just warming up to the real business of legislation, and the indications now are that it still has a long pull ahead before the session can end. It is understood that about one hundred speeches were booked in the House on the Tariff Commission bill, of which only a comparatively small portion have so far been delivered. The tariff question is exciting more attention than was expected at the opening of the session, and if the Commission bill is defeated a revision will be insisted upon with sufficient pertinacity to compel another long discussion. To say nothing about the large appropriation bills, there are enough other important measures pending to occupy attention for a considerable time. This Congress is probably quite as talkative as any of its predecessors, but as nearly all its members desire to keep their seats another term, and as they must "make a record" to do so, there is some hope that something more than the introduction of bills and making speeches will be accomplished before midsummer. The purpose of the Democrats appears to be to talk as much as they can, and if possible prevent the passage of any desirable measures, as a means of making political capital. That is about all the policy the Democratic party has had for years.

Some suggestive figures were sent to Congress the other day by the Secretary of the Interior in response to a resolution requesting a list of States and corporations that have received land grants and not fulfilled the conditions on which those grants were made. The grand total of the land grants made to States and corporations is 137,881,357 acres. Of this vast amount, eight railway companies have been granted 116,589,008 acres, and to them have been patented 8,971,-891 acres. These railway corporations agreed to build 7,748 miles of road, they have built 1,465 miles. Grants of 21,-282,349 acres of land have been made to ten States for railroad building purposes, and about one-half of this amount has been patented to the railway corporations in the States. This brief statement suggests the freedom with which the railway corporations make promises and the reluctance with which they perform them. Another important feature of the business is that although the corporations in no case fulfill their part of the compact, they hold the Government rigidly to a performance of its implied obligations. Isn't it about time for the Government to inspire these grasping organizations with a little respect for its authority and a little regard for the rights of the people?

Advices received here from Salt Lake indicate that the polygamists have at last taken alarm over the Edmunds bill and fear serious trouble when it goes into operation. Nevertheless, they have not given up all hope that they may find loop-holes of escape, and with this end in view some of the leaders have quietly removed their wives to separate houses, thinking thereby to avoid arrest under the clause which makes cohabitation with more than one woman a misdemeanor. Many polygamist office-holders have also resigned, and their places have been filled by monogamists who are not subject to removal under the bill. It is also said that no polygamous marriages have been celebrated since the passage of the bill, though, as these are always secret, nothing can be learned concerning them. This bill was thought to be ironclad in its provisions, and the presence of these difficulties even before the Commission is appointed is very discouraging to those persons who have builded so many hopes upon the success of the measure. It is not probable, however, that if this legislation fails Congress will hesitate to supplement it with other laws of even a more severe character if really necessary to effect the desired end. Having put its hand to the plough Congress is not likely to turn back. It may yet turn out that the polygamists have honestly accepted the law and are only putting their houses in order against the arrival of the Commission.

Sickness has been quite prevalent among Congressmen this winter and there are now several cases on the list. The condition of Senator Logan's health is regarded with much anxiety by his friends, and it is feared that he will not be able to remain at his post during the rest of the session. He is of the most active and industrious Senators in the discharge of his duties and protecting the interests of his constituents, and his influence with the Administration is justly very great. During his speech in the Senate some days ago in favor of expending the entire receipts from taxes on distilled spirits for educational purposes, in referring to those who do not believe that good of any kind can come of money earned by the sale or manufacture of liquor, Senator Logan related the following: "I once heard a story which I think would apply to these gentlemen very nicely. There was a man—I will not mention his name—for whom I had great respect, and I think this whole country had. He was considered a statesman in his day. He sometimes indulged in a little game of cards. He was coming up the Avenue one morning and met a poor old colored man, who, calling him by name, said: 'My congregation is very poor; we want a place to worship God in; we have no house; will you please contribute a little something for that purpose?' The gentleman put his finger in his pocket and pulled out a hundred dollar bill. Said he, "I won that last night at a game of cards; if you will take that for the service of the Lord you can have it. He took it and said: 'Thank you, sir.' 'God moves in a mysterious way His wonders to perform.'"

JUNIUS.

IT is said that Mr. Robeson was shown a cartoon in *Puck* the other day by a sympathizing friend, who took the usual course of such friends and showed it to him to keep him from seeing it. "How do you feel?" he asked, anxiously. "Feel?" answered the Jerseyman; "why I feel sorry for the other three or four hundred fellows here in Washington who are agonizing to get into the illustrated papers and can't."

ON Monday last Edward Hanlan, the phenomenal sculler and champion of America, beat the English sculler, Boyd, upon the Tyne, with ease, playing with his oars from time to time as has been his wont to do. This Hanlon appears to be a veritable king of the oar.

STATE ITEMS.

The clothing store of Solomon Levi, at Reading, was robbed of $108 in money on Saturday night.

The force at the Beaver Falls Cutlery Works has been reduced, throwing 100 men out of employment.

A rich vein of iron ore has been found on the land of Major A. J. North, near Mercersburg, Franklin county.

James Nolan, of Lost Creek, Schuylkill county, was instantly killed by cars near that place on Saturday night.

James P. Emery, while shooting at a rat near Washington on Saturday, missed his aim and killed Joseph Vance.

F. R. Wood, a prominent banker and lumberman, of Williamsport, died suddenly on Saturday, at the age of 63 years.

There have been sixty-four deaths from smallpox thus far at South Bethlehem. Five new cases were also reported Monday in Bethlehem proper, and the disease is again spreading.

George Blymer, a resident of Lancaster, committed suicide on Monday by throwing himself in front of a freight train. Domestic trouble is supposed to be the cause for the act.

The Shenandoah *Herald* says that the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company worked on Thursday and a part of Friday, notwithstanding there were orders for suspension on those days.

Charles Fritche, Jr., and his cousin Joseph Burkhart, aged 13 years old, at South Bethlehem yesterday playfully pointed pistols at each other, when the weapon of the latter exploded and inflicted a dangerous wound upon the former.

Jacob F. Quiffman, a prominent merchant at Norristown, died on Sunday. He was a Deputy Grand Master of Free Masons and President of the Montgomery Hose and Steam Fire Engine Company.

—John Baldwin, a crippled peddler, of Stony Creek township, Cambria county, shot and instantly killed an unknown tramp who demanded his money on Thursday last while driving in the neighborhood of Pleasantville, Bedford county.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR will not act upon Sergeant Mason's case until the question of the legality of the sentence has been decided by the Supreme Court. However much sympathy is felt for Mason, the Court will have to decide the case upon its merits in a legal point of view.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch. We are constantly adding to our already well stocked Job Department all the latest styles of Type and facilities for doing fancy printing.

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly Outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 9-1y.

Mercantile Appraisement.

THE VENDERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Merchandise, restaurants and billiard tables in McKean County, will take notice that they are appraised and classed by the undersigned Appraiser of Mercantile and other licenses taxes for the year 1882, as follows, to wit:

Annin Township.

TURTLE POINT

Class.		Rate
14	James Cremin	$ 7.75
14	Charles Evans	7.75
14	Taylor & Sons	7.75

BRADFORD CITY.

12	Joseph Levi & Co	16.75
14	Gallagher & Co	7.75
14	J K Allen	7.75
14	J D Leonard	7.75
14	C H Dalbey	7.75
13	L H Chatterson	16.75
14	J G Haberzag	7.75
13	L Bradbury	16.75
14	Charles E Parks	7.75
14	M T Hazzard	7.75
13	J Schlesinger	16.75
13	Hyman Cohn	16.75
14	R Rosenberg	16.75
14	G M Fisher & Co	16.75
14	G A Groves	16.75
12	F P Shafer & Co	16.75
13	A H Hard	16.75
14	George B Smith	7.75
14	L Krumsberg	7.75
14	D F Rosenberg	16.75
14	C Barthold	7.75
14	C W Isham	7.75
14	I Rich	7.75
14	L Goldsmine Bros	7.75
14	H Sondheim	16.75
14	M J Howes	7.75
13	Malmsadt Bros	16.75
14	John A Co	16.75
14	David Levi	7.75
13	John M Sigfried	16.75
14	Frel & Bidelman	7.75
14	H Schlesinger	7.75
14	Jacob Chisholsky	16.75
14	Appleton & Fisher	16.75
5	Oil Well Supply Co., Limited	16.75
14	R Mitchell	16.75
13	Speare & Milligan	16.75
14	Tenny Bros	16.75
14	M Friedenberg	7.75
14	A Lino	7.75
14	L R Dunton	7.75
14	M Mossberg	7.75
14	J H Clark	16.75
13	Grunenwald & Co	16.75
13	N O Lawrence	16.75
7	T Kasary, Jr & Co	16.75
14	Hayward Bros	16.75
14	Bodine & Walker	16.75
6	Tinker & Duncan	16.75
14	Parcels Mfg Co., Limited	16.75
14	C F Pierce	16.75
14	Kessler & Co	16.75
14	D T Salley	7.75
14	J A Shorin	7.75
14	Hutchinson & Morris, auctioneers	7.75
14	A Nascasia	7.75
14	H C Norton	7.75
14	S Morrison	7.75
14	Hamilton Wald	16.75
14	W W Rose & Son	7.75
14	N B Linn	7.75
14	Joseph Bailey	7.75
14	Joseph Whitman	7.75
14	A B Stewart	7.75
14	Wm Sir Bros	7.75
14	Russell A Ball	7.75
14	A J Richard	7.75
14	H E East	7.75
14	I C Sellard	7.75
14	J K Martin	16.75
14	J E Speyer	7.75
14	Goodman & Marks	16.75
14	K Simon	16.75
14	D Whitehouse	16.75
14	F A Grant	16.75
14	M Rosensdor	16.75
14	Solomon & Co	16.75
14	F Frogner	7.75
14	S Frankenberg	7.75
14	Wentworth & Davis	16.75
14	Thompson & Wood	16.75
14	D O'Donnell	16.75
14	J K Kahn	16.75
14	H C Sanderson & Co	16.75
14	C Samuels	16.75
14	Willis & Smith	16.75
14	M Kachstein	7.75
14	A Galland	16.75
14	A Mayer & Co	16.75
14	S Auerbaim	16.75
14	L M Kerrigness & Bros	7.75
14	J B Smith	7.75
14	A T Herrington	7.75
14	Isaac Rosenbaum	7.75
14	C Pumroy	7.75
14	Frazier & Myan	7.75
14	Martin Willmon	7.75
14	D F H McDowell	7.75
14	Isaac Rosenbaum	7.75
14	H W Barker	7.75
14	J Ortego	7.75
14	S A Ferrell	16.75
14	Bruton & Fetzen	16.75
14	W M Hodgman	7.75
14	S G Elliott & Co	7.75
14	Chamberlain & Hall	7.75
14	R J Orvis	7.75
14	Davis & Son	16.75
14	B Vane	7.75
14	Riddell & Mann	7.75
14	Kays & Dudley	7.75
14	Bodine & Walker	16.75
14	P N Rosenbaum	16.75
14	Chambers & Grainger	16.75
14	R S Peirce	7.75
14	Whitbeck & Pratt	16.75
14	Bates & Stanish	16.75
14	W D Hatch	7.75
14	J M Frost	7.75
14	Charles Payne	7.75
14	W Rebe-pennell	7.75
14	C Rosenfeld jr.	7.75
14	Mosse Bros	16.75
14	Jansen & Johnson	16.75
14	H Hemmel	7.75
14	G Radin	7.75
14	G G Bennett	7.75
14	Joseph Hankel	7.75
14	K Kaiman	16.75
14	McElroy Bros	7.75
14	James B Fox	7.75
14	L J Milne	7.75
14	E Bradstreet	7.75
14	S Jaffe	7.75
14	J C Wright	7.75
14	S Bullock	7.75
14	S L Speare & Co	7.75
14	J A Waldo	7.75
14	S Myers	7.75
14	J Humphrey	7.75

LEGAL.

12	Miller Bros	12.50
12	H G Hotchkiss	16.75
14	O W Beatty	7.75
13	Robert Wright & Co	12.50
9	S G Bayne	16.75
12	F B Bowen	12.50
13	H Dobbins, wholesale	33.75

BILLIARD AND BOWLING ALLEYS.

1	Slim & Andgrews, 7 tables	$ 96.75
5	Humphrey & Pierce, 3 tables	50.75
4	Hudson & Gregson, 4 tables	66.75
3	F J O'Brien, 3 tables	70.75
9	M Dean, 3 tables	70.75
8	James A Edmonds, 3 tables	66.75
8	A Mayer & Co, 3 tables	70.75
8	P M Abbott, 3 tables	66.75
1	Joseph Smith, 1 alley	33.75

Bradford Township.

CUSTER CITY.

14	L Caldwell & Co	7.75
14	S Blackley	7.75
14	B A Dempsey	7.75
14	H W Clark	7.75
14	George M Churchill	7.75
14	H Jewell	7.75
13	Chandler Bros	16.75
14	A V Newton	7.75
14	Jessie Crocker	7.75
14	E F Hilderbrand	7.75
14	Foster Bros	

BILLIARD TABLES.

2	T V Walter, 2 tables	66.75

Sergeant Township.

CLERMONT.

13	Hamlin & Townsend	16.75
14	Lawrence Bayer	7.75
14	John Sullivan	7.75

Norwich Township.

COLEGROVE.

14	C M Colegrove	7.75

Corydon Township.

14	F H Raymond	7.75
14	J B Gleason	7.75

DERRICK CITY.

14	A W Hebbe	7.75
14	August Spekman	7.75
14	W H Fay	7.75
14	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	7.75
14	William Shaw	7.75
14	Ora Walker	7.75
14	Bail Bros	7.75

GILMORE.

14	S W Walker	7.75
14	Aspen Bros	7.75
14	A S Webb	7.75
14	W N Gaved	7.75

BILLIARD TABLES.

	George Dana, one table	33.75

NEW CITY.

14	F K Morse	7.75
14	Kelsey Smith	33.75
14	T J Townsend	7.75
13	R F Scripps	16.75
14	J H Fowling	7.75
14	W F Sarchair	7.75
14	Hi Alley Bros	7.75
14	W D Murry	7.75
14	W M Miller	7.75
14	J F Metzgerge	7.75
13	J H Wolf	16.75

RED ROCK.

13	Jarecki M'fg Co	16.75
14	A V Wemsrol & Co	7.75
14	A Gorman	7.75
14	D D Hall	7.75
14	Wm Shearr	7.75

DALLAS CITY.

14	J G Foreman	7.75
14	Harrison & Lord	7.75
14	J A Allanson	7.75
13	Jarecki M'fg Co	16.75

SAWYER CITY.

14	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	7.75
13	C G Davenport	16.75
14	L Galvin & J Fisher	7.75
14	Williams & Kalberg	7.75

BILLIARDS.

	B Washmer, two tables	66.75

KENDALL BOROUGH.

14	Kirkbride & Ryan	7.75
14	John Mckeown	7.75
14	Mackey & Benson	7.75
14	O F Spencer	7.75
14	I Kamacher	7.75
14	F Gross Bros	7.75
14	L Nutting & Co	7.75
14	James Koyer	7.75
14	Wilson Rosenmas	7.75
14	J A Bliss	7.75
13	O Horn & Co	16.75
14	Oil Well Supply Co	16.75
14	Phillips & Martin	7.75
14	A Pierce	7.75
14	I H Adams	7.75
14	K H Abbey	7.75
14	F Rosing	7.75
14	R G Smith	7.75
14	J H Rutter	7.75
14	A W Haskill	7.75
14	H A Haggerty	7.75
14	C W Mason	7.75
14	J J Cahill	7.75
14	F H Burr	7.75
14	G W Newman	7.75
13	P W Evans	16.75
14	Holden Bros	16.75
14	F G Perry	7.75
14	John Higby	7.75
14	T Groves	7.75
14	G McDonald	

BILLIARDS.

	Barney Gunn, six tables	66.75

SUMMIT CITY.

14	R F Salter	7.75
13	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	16.75
13	F F Burt	16.75
13	Jarecki M'fg Co	16.75
14	M F Jones	7.75
14	S Lullihan	7.75
14	Thomas Vidal	7.75

Lafayette Township.

ALTON.

13	Appleton & Fisher	16.75
14	J K Purse	7.75
14	R B Hoop	7.75
14	Wiggins & Curtis	7.75
14	Nawton & McIntyre	7.75
14	M De Young	7.75
	Phillips Bros	7.75

BILLIARDS.

	Lewis & Davis, 4 tables	66.75

RITERVILLE.

14	G W Koonce	7.75

BIG BRANTY.

	Rigwall & Moss	7.75
14	M A Hanly	7.75
14	R G Webb	16.75
13	Pomeroy & Webster	16.75
13	Oil Well supply Limited	16.75

BILLIARDS.

	Alex Ayers, two tables	66.75

Keating Township.

SMETHPORT BOROUGH.

	Wm Blackhill & Son	16.75
14	T J Mason	7.75
14	A B Armstrong	7.75
14	M L Armstrong	7.75
14	G W Williams	7.75
	W D Hallap	7.75
13	Warley Gilford	16.75
14	M A Hetherington	7.75
14	Dalrymple & Heard	16.75
	Hooker Bros	7.75
14	C A Bailey	7.75
	Fred Hogarth	7.75
14	H C Dalley	7.75
14	A F Reed & Co	7.75
14	G L Blackmore	7.75
14	P D Gibson	7.75
	Reed & Keating	7.75
	L H Bailey, one billiard table	66.75

GOODYEARS MILLS.

	Robert Gardner	7.75

Wetmore Township.

KANE.

	Griffin & Loy	7.75
	J Davis	16.75
	S Gilbert	7.75
	J Gilbert	7.75
	O D Coleman	7.75

LEGAL.

14	W H Smith	7.75
14	J O Loomis	7.75
14	F C West & Co	7.75
	Reigle Young, two billiard tables	66.75

LUDLOW STATION.

14	John G Curtis	7.75
14	L D Mudgeon	7.75

ELDRED BOROUGH.

14	A E Barden	7.75
14	J E Parr	7.75
14	C T White	7.75
14	F L Bartwell	7.75
14	W G Reinertz	7.75
14	A B Rowley	7.75
14	J C Walsh	7.75
14	A Crandall	7.75
14	A Harmon	7.75
14	Lemon & Unsopher	7.75
14	E W Deane	7.75
14	Robert Lightfoot	7.75
14	C S Lisher	7.75
14	[illegible] Young	7.75
14	[illegible] Smith & Co	7.75
14	W Spiller	7.75
14	W A Archibald	7.75
14	W Derringer	7.75
14	Joseph A Hershberg	7.75
14	Spiller & Marsh	7.75
14	L Park	7.75
14	Fisher & Weigent	7.75
13	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	16.75

BILLIARD AND BOWLING ALLEYS.

2	Dukes Keiser, two tables	66.75
2	Barnes Sterling, two tables	66.75
2	W Derringer, three tables	66.75
1	J A Cary, one ten pin alley	66.75

Eldred Township.

BENTONS MILLS.

14	A M Benson	7.75

LARABEE.

14	D C Young & Brother	7.75
14	William Hudson	7.75

BARTWELL.

14	Doyle & Barrett	7.75

INDIAN CREEK.

14	C H Leonhart	7.75

HAYMAKER.

14	Wm Miller	7.75

Norchick Township.

14	Mrs L A Gallup	7.75
14	Mansford Bartlett	7.75

COLEGROVE.

14	C M Colegrove	7.75

Sergeant Township.

14	Lawrence Bayer	7.75
13	Hamlin & Townsend	16.75
14	John Sullivan	7.75

Hamlin Township.

HOWARD HILL.

14	August Malander	7.75
14	Warley Gilford	7.75

BIG IRON BRIDGE.

14	Bangert & Co	7.75

Otto Township.

RIXFORD.

14	H Krebs	7.75
14	F M West Bros	7.75
	Appleton & Green	7.75
14	L A Tuttle	7.75
14	C A Mather	7.75
14	J Love	7.75
13	Jones, Dodge & Co	16.75
14	John Daniel	7.75
14	M A Webster	7.75
13	Jarecki M'fg Co	16.75
14	K E Mallory	7.75
14	M J Crandall	7.75
14	H Walbery	7.75
14	A Dodgeness	7.75
	Frank Dana, two Willard tables	66.75

DUKE CENTRE.

14	B M Kempster	7.75
14	J N Cease	7.75
13	Appletons & Rogers	16.75
14	C M Collins	7.75
14	A Greenberg	7.75
13	George A Hill	16.75
13	W G Noble	16.75
13	J B McEwaine	16.75
14	J C Weaver	7.75
13	Shaw Bros	16.75
14	L A Gottschall	7.75
14	A Smith & Co	7.75
14	A A French	7.75
14	J M Johnson & Co	7.75
14	H I Matson & Son	7.75
14	H Lord	7.75
14	Weaver & Williams	7.75
14	J C Gault	7.75
13	H C Mainey	16.75
14	Mansfield & Co	7.75
14	J R Thompson	7.75
14	A P Boyle	7.75
13	N B Herd & Peck	16.75
14	Malcom McMahon	7.75
14	G A Williams	7.75
14	James Koyer	7.75
14	A N Hard	7.75
14	J L Carnahan	7.75
14	B Fisher & Co	7.75
14	I J Lilly	7.75
14	Fred Krell	7.75
13	Oil Well Supply Co, Limited	16.75

BILLIARD TABLES.

2	C M Rowley, two tables	66.75
2	E Milford, three tables	66.75
2	W B Bacon, two tables	66.75
2	Mrs C W King, two tables	66.75

Take Notice.

All persons who are concerned in this appraisement will take notice that a Court of Appeal will be held at the Treasurer's office in Smethport, on

Thursday, April 20th, 1882,

Between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 2 o'clock p. m., when and where they may attend if they think proper.

D. F. PATTISON,
Mercantile Appraiser,
Marvin Creek, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS

BROWNELL BROS.

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Mchines.

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1882. 9-1y

NEW

Meat and Vegetable

MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., April 6, 1882.

Important Newspaper Decisions.

A postmaster is required to give notice by letter, (returning a paper does not answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office, and state the reason for its not being taken, and a neglect to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publishers for the payment.

Anyone who takes a paper from the post-office whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay.

If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publishers may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it be taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made.

If a subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time and the publisher continues to send it, the subscriber is bound to pay for it, if he takes it out of the post office. The law proceeds upon the ground that a man must pay for what he uses.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post office or removing and leaving them carried for, is prima facia, evidence of intentional fraud.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—"How many pigeons did you get?" is the question.

—Dr. H. L. McCoy took a trip over to Bradford on Tuesday last.

—Mrs. A. E. Taylor returned home from Buffalo on Monday last.

—C. S. Wells, of Bell's Run, was in town the beginning of the week.

—Philip Tome, of Corydon, made the MINER a short call on Wednesday.

—Who will get the Cyclopædia offered by the Publishers of the Educational Review?

—Rev. J. B. Smith, of Olean, preached in the Baptist Church on Monday evening.

—The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Lyman died on Monday last. It was but a few weeks old.

—The latest styles in ladies' collars, scarfs, spring hats, etc., very cheap, are on sale at Mrs. Nash's.

—H. F. Barbour, Deputy-Sheriff, was in town on Tuesday last, shaking hands with his numerous friends.

—The balmy air of Sunday and Monday last was duly enjoyed and predictions were all in the line of an early spring.

—The choir of the Episcopal church have been practising some very beautiful and impressing music for the Easter services.

—Rev. Mr. McCandlass returned home on last Thursday with hearing somewhat improved under the care of an aurist in Philadelphia.

—Dr. E. G. Brown, of this place, was made a member of the McKean County Medical Society at the meeting of the association in Bradford on Monday.

—The Knights Templar of the Bradford Commandry will observe Good Friday by attending services at the Episcopal Church, Rev. A. B. Putnam, Rector.

—Next Sunday the Bradford *Sunday News* will have an illustration of McKean county's candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs, Hon. Lucious Rogers.

—At the M. E. Church next Sunday morning the subject of the sermon will be "The Resurrection of Christ." In the evening a Concert Easter Service will be held.

—Mrs. B. D. Hamlin left for Washton one day last week to visit her daughter, Mrs. H. V. Redfield. Mr. Hamlin expects to start to-day for the same place.

—The Smethport hose 'boys hold their second reception at the Opera House on Monday night next. We hope the citizens will all unite in making it a grand one.

—Capt. C. D. Webster, of Bradford, paid Smethport a visit on Monday, and while on his rounds visiting old friends, paid the MINER a visit.

—We have heard about Irish families in the "auld sod" subsisting entirely on potatoes. At $1.35 per bushel, as some grocers are asking here, potatoes appear to be a luxury and an extravagance.

—Editors Stone, of the Bradford *Star*, and Morehead, of the *Sunday News*, were in attendance at the Republican County Committee meeting on Tuesday last.

—"My Wife," as presented at Kittredge's opera house last Thursday evening by the Grinnell-Billings combination, was a very pleasing entertainment, and was well patronized.

—Specht & Haase have a very fine selection of all shades and styles of wall paper. They also have a large stock of new furniture on hand, and are constantly in receipt of new goods.

—Mr. J. W. Bouton returned Tuesday last from Ceres, where he has been in attendance at the bedside of his wife, who has been ill with diphtheria. He reports Mrs. Bouton as convalescing rapidly.

—Book Agents and other people who enjoy racy reading and sensational facts, will no doubt be interested in J. W. Buel's latest work, "Metropolitan Life Unveiled," advertised in another column of this paper.

—There was quite an influx of the county politicians to this place on Monday, the occasion being the meeting of the Republican County Committee. We give an account of the proceedings in another column.

—Last week the Bradford *Star* made its appearance inside out—that is, it changed its "make-up." The many improvements which the *Star* has recently undergone, make it a very handsome and newsy sheet.

—The Ashtons performed at the Opera House in this place on Monday and Tuesday evenings of this week, presenting "Rip Van Winkle" and "The Hidden Hand." The audiences were slim. They appeared at Aiken on Wednesday night.

—We are sorry to announce that Commissioner A. T. Palmer is quite ill. He was taken ill last Friday and removed to the residence of Mr. F. B. Dean, in the jail building. Dr. Brown is attending him, and yesterday he was reported better, with strong hopes of a speedy recovery.

—The dwelling occupied by E. L. Keenan, on Main street, caught fire last Friday about six o'clock in the evening, but by the prompt application of a few buckets of water it was subdued without serious damage. Friday seemed to be a good day for fires.

—A. J. Wheeler of Deposit, N. Y., made the MINER office a friendly call today.

—Mr. C. B. Potter, representing the *Sunday Morning Herald*, of Olean, was in town on Wednesday last, arranging for the sale of this paper on our streets. It will be handled by Mr. A. B. Armstrong, and is to contain a weekly budget of Smethport news.

—A number of private detectives left this place for the pigeon city yesterday. They say they will protect the birds if they have to arrest every man in the woods, and as they have the power and "sand" we expect to hear of some of the violators of the Game Law being brought to justice.

—Last Friday afternoon, while Mrs. H. L. McCoy and her little daughter Gracie were out for a drive, the horse became frightened at some cattle standing in the road, and jumped to one side, precipitating Mrs. McCoy and Gracie into the road. It was a narrow escape from quite a serious accident.

—A prominent Democrat of this place, remarked on Monday night that there could be no better nomination made for Secretary of Internal Affairs than Hon. Lucius Rogers, whom the Republican delegates had been instructed to endorse. This sentiment appears to be unanimous throughout McKean county.

—Last Friday afternoon an alarm of fire was sounded occasioned by a slight fire in the house of Thos. King, occupied by Arthur Harris, an engineer on the B. B. & K. R. R. The fire laddies came out in good shape, but their services were not required as a few pails of water put the fire out before any damage was done.

—The estimates of the lumbermen of Lock Haven and vicinity for the coming year place the amount to be sawed at 92,000,000 feet. Of this 35,000,000 feet will be cut at Williamsport, 6,000,000 feet at Watsontown and 51,000,000 feet at Lock Haven. Some of the mills have already begun operations, and others will begin soon.

—In another column we print an article announcing the death of Jesse James the notorious outlaw and terror to all western people. Jesse must be of the cat species and have nine lives as this is the third or fourth time he has been killed. It looks rather suspicious that he should be killed by one of his own gang each time. The probabilities are that he will be resurrected in time for the next train robbery.

—At St. Luke's Church on Good Friday the first service of morning prayer will be at 9 o'clock. The three hours' service of the Passion will be from 12 m. to 3 p. m. This service will consist of meditations on the Seven Sayings from the Cross, followed by hymns on the Passion, prayers and silent private devotions. The congregation can be seated throughout this service, except in the prayers, when all kneel.

—We are advised by Congressman Walker, Member of the 16th District that a limited quantity of flower, garden and field seeds, tobacco and sorghum plants are ready for distribution among the inhabitants of his District. Those who may desire any of the above should address Mr. Walker at Washington without delay. The Census Reports have not been issued to Members for distribution and will not be for some time to come. There is also delay in issuing many other public documents.

—The floral decorations at St. Luke's Church on Easter Day, will exceed anything heretofore prepared. The young people of the place, generally, are showing great interest in the matter, and have secured liberal contributions of flowers and funds to order decorations from the florists. The flowers will be arranged in the church on Easter-eve, Saturday, after the 4 p. m. service. Any offerings of flowers will be received at that time by the young ladies who have the decorations in charge.

—The Publishers of the *Educational Review* offer Appleton's American Cyclopædia to the person sending the largest list of words formed from the word "*Functionally*." Other prizes are Chamber's Cyclopædia, Worcester's Dictionary, unabridged, and the Musical Autophone. This is a rare chance for our readers to get a cyclopædia worth $96, or $50 in gold, besides getting the benefit derived from looking up words. Full information can be obtained by sending three cent stamp for circular, or ten cents for sample copy of the *Educational Review*. Address, *Educational Review*, 183 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

—A large number of hunters and pigeoners have been passing through here during the week, on their way to the pigeon city, some twelve miles south of this place on Potatoe Creek. Reports have been received here that pot hunters have been shooting the birds in their nesting place and that outsiders are catching them without a license, and the County Commissioners have taken the matter in hand with a view to prosecuting all infringements of the game laws, and the enforcement of the law requiring trappers from other States to pay a license to the county. Their advertisement setting forth the laws in this regard will be found in another column.

—Oil statistics for the month of March show that there were 316 wells completed in the Allegany field, 117 in the Bradford field, and 50 in the lower country, making a total of 363 wells, being an increase over February of 41 finished wells with 9,150 barrels per day increase in production. There are 341 rigs building, and 218 wells drilling in the Allegany field. In the Bradford field there are 154 rigs building and 139 wells drilling. There are sixty-two rigs building and sixty-eight wells drilling in the lower field, making a total of 427 rigs and 435 wells drilling. This is an increase of thirty-six rigs and a decrease of five drilling wells over February.

Easter Services at St. Lukes.

8:30 a. m., celebration of holy communion; 10 a. m, children's service and carols; 10:30, second celebration and morning prayer; 7 p. m., third service.

The following is the order of the music at the 10:30 a. m. service:

1. Anthem—"This is the Day,".....Chas. Gounod.
2. " "Christ is our Passover,".....Rossini.
3. Gloria Patri,".....Redhead.
4. Te Deum,".....Tours.
5. Jubilate,".....Tours.
6. Gloria Patri,".....Tours.
7. Anthem—"Hallelujah,".....Handel.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

DELEGATES ELECTED AND INSTRUCTED TO RECOMMEND HON. LUCIUS ROGERS.

The above committee met at the Court House in this place on Tuesday afternoon last for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention and transacting other business.

The meeting was called to order at 2:30 p. m., by the President, Mr. G. L. Roberts, and on motion, Mr. W. I. Lewis was chosen secretary *pro tem*.

Twenty-four districts were represented by their delegates or proxies, the districts unrepresented being Corydon, Eldred township, first district of Keating, Sergeant township and second district Otto township.

On motion of Messrs. Smith and Wallace, nominations were taken for representative delegate to the State Convention, resulting in the nomination of W. B. Chapman, Henry King and J. B. McElwain. The nominations having closed, balloting was proceeded with and the first ballot gave Chapman 16, King 6 and McElwaine 2.

Messrs. Ernest Koester, of Kendall and W. I. Lewis, of Duke Centre, were then nominated for senatorial delegates, and on the vote being taken 13 ballots were deposited for Koester and 11 for Lewis.

On motion of Mr. Lewis, Koester's election was made unanimous.

On motion of A. T. Bannon, Capt. Chapman's nomination was also made unanimous.

Messrs. E. F. Willetts, L. Larrabee, F. L. Aldrich, E. F. Clark and W. D. Gallup, committee on rules, presented a report which was read and adopted. It amends section one of the committee's rules so that the caucus polls in Corydon shall open at 2 p. m., and remain open two hours, and section four so that the Judge and Inspectors shall make credentials to the candidate having the highest number of votes; section five, all Republicans being qualified electors of the election district may vote at the caucus; section seven, two delegates shall be elected to the County Convention in each district, and one person member of the County Committee, the Chairman to supply the vacancies.

F. L. Aldrich, of Lafayette, petitioned the committee that the place of holding the primary in that township might be changed from Lafayette corners to Afton, explaining that such a change would be for the benefit of the citizens generally.

W. O. Congdon, representing the second district of Keating, asked that the place of holding the caucus in that district might be changed from Colesville to Aiken.

On motion, rule first was so amended as to allow these changes to be made.

With a few appropriate remarks, Mr. H. W. Smith introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That we desire to present to the consideration of the Republican electors of our State the name of Hon. Lucius Rogers as a candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs, and sincerely and earnestly recommend his nomination by the Republican convention to be held at Harrisburg on the 10th of May next.

It was seconded by Mr. A. T. Bannon and carried unanimously.

The committee then adjourned, to meet at Bradford at the call of the president.

DECISION IN THE STANDARD SUIT.

JUDGE SIMONTON AWARDS THE COMMONWEALTH $35,277.

A decision in this case was given by Judge Simonton on Tuesday. The document filed is a very lengthy one, and exhaustively treats every joint in the case.

The original claim of the Commonwealth was $3,145,000, which was reduced by agreement between the Attorney-General and counsel for the Commonwealth to $796,000.

In reducing the amount awarded to the Commonwealth, the court held that defendant was for a number of years a corporation of another state.

Defendant is not liable to a tax on its capital stock for any of the years included in the settlement appealed from in this case.

Defendant cannot be taxed for the said years because of its purchases of petroleum.

Defendant is not liable to be taxed by reason of ownership of shares of stock in corporation of this state.

Defendant is not liable to be taxed for any of said years by reason of ownership or interests in limited partnerships of this state that the Commonwealth is entitled to recover from the defendant upwards of $38,000, for which sum, with interest, payment is directed to be entered unless exceptions are filed within the time granted by law.

The indebtedness of the Standard Oil Company is thus classified by the court: Taxes due from 1873 to 1878, $1,389; interest at 12 per cent. from 1873 to 1878, $9,018; penalty of 10 per cent. on $183,880; interest at 12 per cent. from June 21st, 1881, to April 4, 1882, $3,880; Attorney General's commission, 15 per cent., $1,456; total, $38,277.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

CONCLUSION OF THE ADJOURNED CRIMINAL SESSION.—THE SENTENCES.

Subjoined will be found the most important proceedings of the court transpiring since our last issue, together with the sentences.

Commonwealth vs. F. N. Robinson. Recognizance of defendant, James Goof and Godfrey Zell forfeited and case continued.

Chas. Newell vs. A. W. Newell. Cause certified to the circuit court of the United States.

Com. vs. Horace Colemen. Defendant and S. W. Smith held in the sum of $200 for defendant's appearance at next session.

Com. vs. Chas. Rhedel. Recognizance of defendant and Eugene Mullen forfeited and case continued.

Com. vs. Thomas Mullen; carrying concealed weapons. Verdict of guilty.

E. Wardemaker, et. al., vs. H. W. Palmiter. Rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened, etc., granted returnable next term, proceedings to stay; in the meantime lien and levy to remain.

Petition of Mrs. Eliza J. Murphy for benefit of the act of assembly approved April 9, 1872. Order filed, etc.

Petition of John Clark to stay writ of fieri facias. Writ stayed until attachment is disposed of.

Com. vs. D. C. Campbell; surreptitiously removing baggage. Verdict of not guilty and the prosecutor, H. J. Stone, to stay costs.

Com. vs. Howard Furman; assault and battery. Verdict of not guilty and prosecutor, M. McClure, to pay costs.

Com. vs. Geo. Phillips; defendant and Robert McKnight held in the sum of $300 in each of the above cases for defendant's appearance at May session.

Com. Chas. Bullock and Levi Bullock; fraudulent assignment of property. Verdict of not guilty as to first count of indictment, but guilty as to second count.

Com. vs. B. E. Critchlow, embezzlement, continued.

Com. vs. Geo. A. Simmons, second indictment for retailing liquor without license. Verdict of not guilty, and prosecutor, Peter Findley, to pay costs.

Com. vs. William Jones; nolle pros. granted.

Com. vs. John Curran, selling liquor without license; verdict of not guilty and county to pay costs.

Same vs. same, keeping a gambling room, etc.; verdict of not guilty and county to pay costs.

Com. vs. Mattie Wright; recognizance of defendant and John Hussey forfeited.

Com. vs. Allen Wilson, et al. Defendant and C. C. Selden held in the sum of $300 for defendant's appearance at May session.

Emma M. Kesler vs. Wm. Kesler. Decree in divorce from bonds of matrimony granted.

In the matter of the license of J. C. Bayer, motion filed and continued.

In the matter of the Rochester & Pittsburg railroad company, bond filed and approved.

In matter of petition asking for the vacating of part of Hill street lying between Main and King streets in borough of Smethport, and order for rule to show cause ordered granted.

Petition of Mattie Campbell, minor, child of Mrs. A. Campbell, deceased; E. B. McCleary, Esq., appointed guardian upon giving bond with surety in sum of $300, to be approved.

O. P. Boggs, et. al., vs. D. C. Mason. Writ of habeas facias possess granted.

Kittanning Insurance Company vs. Geo. E. Etting. Rule to show cause granted and continued until April 6, 1882, to be heard before Hon. W. Williams; lien and levy to remain in meantime.

Com. vs. Eugene McCarey and George Guy. Neglect of duty as road Supervisors. Verdict of not guilty, prosecutor, to pay the costs.

The following are the sentences imposed:

E. V. Smith, selling liquor without a license; $75 and costs.

C. L. Phillips, larceny of 24 joints of casing from Duncan, Cameron & Co.; one year in the Western Penitentiary.

Jos. H. Day, stealing $13 from the person of W. H. Babcock; sentenced to pay a fine of $300, costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment at the Western Penitentiary at hard labor for four years.

A. D. Lacy for attempting to defraud Mr. Williams out of a board bill, plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay the costs.

Thomas Mullen plead guilty to assault and battery, sentence being deferred. On the charge of carrying concealed deadly weapons, he was sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for one year.

Chas. Bullock and Levi Ballou, charged with disposing of their property with intent to defraud, were sentenced to pay a fine of $500 each and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for ninety days.

Thomas Waite, larceny of an overcoat and a pair of shoes, the property of Clark & Rott; sentenced to pay $1, costs of prosecution and one year in the Western Penitentiary.

Wm. Gamble, larceny of a copper boiler from John Butterfield; sentenced to pay $1, costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment at hard labor in the Western Penitentiary for one year. In the case of Thomas Riley, an accomplice, sentence was deferred.

Chas. Cobb, charged with horse stealing, plead guilty to simple larceny, and was sent to the Western Penitentiary for one year.

The Hose Boys' Dance.

Our citizens should not fail to patronize the Hose Boys' dance on Monday night next. Whether they want to "trip the light fantastic" or not, it should be remembered that the proceeds of the ball are to be applied to the funds of an institution which has for its object the public welfare, and that its members give their services gratuitously and are put to much personal expense in properly maintaining the organization. We have heard it rumored that if the proceeds warrant them in doing so, it is their intention to take steps at once towards the fitting out of a system of fire alarm adequate to the wants of the place. This is something very necessary and the project ought to be encouraged. The arrangement now doing duty as a fire alarm is a disgrace to the place, besides being next to useless in case of a fire happening in the night.

Newspaper Sharks.

That class who take a paper for a number of years and stop without paying for it, are reminded that "the new postal law now makes the taking of a newspaper and the refusal to pay for the same, theft, and any person guilty of such an act is liable to criminal proceeding, the same as if he had stolen goods to the amount of the subscription." Theft, doubtless in the same category of offences, for one to order a pound of coffee or any other groceries, when wrapped or bagged and laid on the counter, for the purchaser to walk off with the article without paying for it—a theft as glaring as to take a newspaper from a postoffice box unpaid for a year, and when demand is made refuse to pay for it. The law is a good one and should be enforced, as it is being done in New York, a proprietor having instituted suit against several subscribers for the offence. Another set of offenders are those who remove from the city and county and neglect to pay their subscription, or remove to another part of the city or to the country without giving notice of removal; and being indebted for the paper for some months, may conceive this plan of secrecy as effectual one to get rid of payment. Thus newspaper publishers are robbed of their just dues—a loss to which all are more or less subjected through downright dishonesty. Such sharps should be dealt with as the postal law suggests, and an example made of some of them, would have a restraining effect on others likewise offending.—*Ex.*

CORRESPONDENCE.

ITEMS OF INTEREST COLLATED FOR THE MINER.

Marvin Creek.

What has become of Mr. Fogarty?

Mr. J. E. B. White has new neighbors.

Jim. Randall has made 200 lbs of maple sugar.

Why don't some one have a sugar party and invite us?

Nearly all the children in Hamlin township have the whooping-cough.

The garden seed man has been around. The next thing in order will be making garden.

Master W. Hubbard took his sister to the theatre and Mr. Tuohy took some other person's sister.

A. J. Bond, our enterprising young farmer, is improving the good roads by drawing hay to Howard Hill.

Some of the young people went to Smethport a few days ago to have their pictures taken. That's proper.

Moving is in order now. Several families and loads of household goods were "on the go" up the valley this week.

Mr. Haden and family have come to live on the late Mr. Bond's farm. Mrs. Haden's many friends will be glad to welcome her back to her former home.

OBSERVER.

Norwich.

For the past ten days there has been a steady move towards the nesting place of the pigeons near the head waters of Potat oe Creek, about 7 miles from here, and at the present time there are probably a thousand pigeoners in the townships of Norwich and Sergeant, and some in close proximity to the nesting. These men are from all parts of the Union, and are men who yearly make a business of supplying pigeons for the city markets, following the flights from one State into another, sometimes realizing handsomely on their enterprise and at other times suffering heavy losses. It is not to be thought that a class of men of this description care very much about the observation of the game laws, or live up to the sportsman's rules. It is not sport they are after, but pigeons, and pigeons they intend to get in any possible way that presents itself. Pigeons are now bringing $3.00 a dozen in New York, and buyers on the ground are paying $1.50 a dozen, so that a haul of a hundred dozen represents quite a sum of money. This being the case, and no practical restraint having as yet been put upon their operations, many of the pigeoners have been transgressing the law in every particular. Not only has the nesting place been invaded by hunters and netters and saltbeds made in the woods where the birds are nesting, but it is reported that operations have also continued in the night, and that the birds are being ruthlessly slaughtered without any regard to the law. For miles around pigeoners are found in every direction, the hotels are all overrun, the farm-houses full and some of the old hands have built themselves rough shanties and are camping out. In the meantime quite a large number of pigeons are being shipped on the B. & McK. R. R., as high as thirty barrels or about 900 dozens having been shipped some days.

I hope that some of the county officials will find their way to the nesting place and see that the pigeoning is done in accordance with the law and that the birds have some chance to increase and multiply, otherwise this business either for sports, professional netters or local gunners will soon be a thing of the past.

SPORTSMAN.

Notice to Pigeon Hunters.

The attention of all persons is hereby directed to the Act of Assembly of June 3, 1878, and amendment of June 10, 1881, in regard to the GAME and FISH LAW in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Attention is especially called to Section 34 Act of June 3, 1878, and Section 15 of same Act as amended by Act of June 10, 1881. Same Sections are as follows:

SECTION 34.—Any Justice of the Peace or Alderman, upon information or complaint made before him, by the affidavit of one or more persons, of the violation of the provisions of this act by any person or persons, is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal, directed to any constable, police officer, or warden, to cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before said Justice or Alderman, who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged, and if convicted of said offense or offenses, shall be sentenced to pay the fine or fines, penalty or penalties, attached, to such violations, together with costs, *one-half of which penalties shall go to the informer*, and the remaining one-half shall be forthwith paid to the treasurer of the county in which the offense was committed, and it shall be the duty of said treasurer to distribute said fund, so arising, at the close of each year, to the various school districts in said county, in proportion to the number of taxables in said districts: *Provided*, That said conviction shall be had within one year from the time of committing the offense: *And provided further*, That the defendant, on refusing to pay said penalty, shall be committed to the common jail of the county, for a period of not less than one day for each dollar of penalty imposed, unless the defendant enter into recognizance with one or more sufficient securities to answer said complaint on a charge of a misdemeanor, before the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county in which the offense is committed, which court, on conviction of the defendant of the offense charged, and failure to pay the penalty or penalties imposed by this act, together with costs, shall commit said defendant to the common jail of the county, for a period of not less than one day for each dollar of penalty imposed.

SECTION 15.—No person shall kill or take any wild pigeon or squab while on its nesting or roosting ground, or break up or in any manner disturb such nesting or roosting ground or the birds thereon, on hill or calcb with gun, net, or trap, or otherwise take or destroy any such pigeon or pigeons within one mile of any nesting or roosting ground, or discharge any fire arms within one mile of any nesting or roosting ground, under a penalty of fifty dollars: *Provided*, That no persons except citizens of this Commonwealth shall trap or catch wild pigeons with nets in any of the counties of this Commonwealth, unless he shall first have taken out a license from the county treasurer of the county in which said pigeons are found, for which license he shall pay the sum of fifty dollars for the use of said county, under a penalty of one hundred dollars.

HENRY M. HOYT.

APPROVED—The 10th day of June, A. D., 1881.

The provisions of the above laws will be strictly enforced in McKean county against all persons violating the same.

—Mr. Bronson, who for some time past had charge of the Bennet House, but more recently landlord at the Grand Central, has entered into connection with the hotel business in Smethport.

THE OUTLAW JESSE JAMES.

THE NOTORIOUS RUFFIAN DONE TO DEATH BY A PAL.

Jesse James, the Missouri brigand for whose body a reward of $20,000 has been offered by the State for some time past was killed in St. Joseph, Mo., on Monday morning last by Robert Ford, a young man twenty years of age who had been taken into his confidence. The character of this desperado was such that the yellow-covered novels delight in portraying, and many of his deeds were even more daring than the exploits of Claud Duval, Dick Turpin, Sixteen String Jack, or any of the old Knights of the road. James was always armed to the teeth, and although his killing appears to have been premeditated by Ford and his brother, their fear of the outlaw prevented them from consummating the act until after prolonged vigilance they caught him with his back turned and his arms laid down for the moment—and this single moment that he was off his guard proved fatal to him.

Charles Ford, the brother of Jesse's slayer, had been an accomplice of Jesse James since the 8d of last November and entirely possessed his confidence. Robert Ford, his brother, joined Jesse near Mrs. Samuel's house (the mother of the James boys) last Friday a week ago and accompanied Jesse and Charles to St. Joe Sunday, March, 26d. Jesse, his wife and two children removed from Kansas City where they had lived several months, until they feared their whereabouts would be suspected, in a wagon to this city, arriving here November 8, 1881, accompanied by Charles Ford and rented a house on the corner of Lafayette and Twenty-first streets, where they stayed two months, when they secured the house at $18 on Lafayette street, giving the name of Thomas Howard. Chas. and Thos. Ford have been occupying one of the rooms in the rear of the dwelling, and have secretly had an understanding to kill Jesse ever since last fall. A short time ago, before Robert had joined James, the latter proposed to rob the bank at Platte City. He said the Bargess murder trial would commence there Tuesday, and his plan was if they could get another companion to take a view of the situation of the Platte City bank, and while the arguments were being heard in the murder case, which would naturally engage the attention of the citizens, to boldly execute one of his favorite raids. Charles Ford approved of the plan and suggested his brother Robert as the companion worthy of sharing the enterprise with them. Jesse had met the boy at the latter's house near Richmond three years ago, and consented to see him. The two men accordingly went to where Robert was and arranged to have him accompany them to Platte City. As stated all three came to St. Joe a week ago Sunday. They remained at the house all the week. Jesse thought it best that Robert should not exhibit himself on the premises lest the presence of three able-bodied men, who were doing nothing, should excite suspicion. They had fixed on Monday night to go to Platte City. Ever since the boys have been with Jesse they had watched for an opportunity to shoot him, but he was always so heavily armed that it was impossible to draw a weapon without his seeing it. They declared that they had no idea of taking him alive, considering the undertaking suicidal. The opportunity they had long wished for came on Monday morning when Jesse took off his coat and laid aside his weapons to take a walk in the yard, when Robert Ford shot him in the head, he dying in his wife's arms a few minutes afterward.

At the coroner's inquest held on the body of the deceased, the mother of Jesse James identified the body as that of her son Jesse.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURG MARKET.

Corrected Especially for the MINER, by

R. BEATTY, SON & CO.,

No. 183, Liberty Street, Pittsburg, Pa.,

Wholesale Produce Commission House, established 1864. Receive and sell all kinds of country produce, domestic and foreign fruits and vegetables. Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURG, April 3, 1882.

BOYS.—The week closed with a decidedly firm feeling in demand and price of Eggs, and indications point to a good market for Easter. Butter continues scarce and prices firm. Few changes are to be reported, and a steady tone prevails in almost all leading branches of trade.

Country Produce.

APPLES—New, choice per bbl, 4.00@4.50, medium, 3.00@3.50; Fancy, 4.50@5.00.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal, 60@70c; Apple Jelly—60@70c per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, 40@45c "Gilt Edge," 45@50c; Creamery, choice, Choice Roll, 35@40c; Extra Choice Roll, 30@35c; Medium, 25@28c.

BEANS—Choice Navy at 2.50@2.60; Medium, 2.30@2.40; Mixed, 1.75@2.00; Limas, Safe per lb.

BACON—Country, Clear Sides, Sugar Cure, 7½@8c; shoulders, 7@8c.

BROOM CORN—Extra Choice Green Hurl, 10½@11c; No 1 Hurl, 9½@10c; Red, 6@6c.

CHEESE—New Ohio Factory, 12½@13c; New York Cheddar, 14@15c; Young American, 14½@15c; Sweitzer, 16@16c; Limburger, 12@13c.

CIDER—Per bbl, 5.00@5.50; Crab Apple, 6.00@6.50.

CRANBERRIES—Per bbl, 12.50@14.00; per box, 2.00@2.75.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 7@8c; do, quarters, 6@6c; Peaches, halves, 8@8c; peeled, do, 20@22c; pitted Cherries, 20@22c; Raspberries, 20@22c; Blackberries, 12@13c; per lb for all.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons 4.00@5.00 per box, Florida Oranges 5.00@6.00.

FEATHERS—Live Geese per lb, 65@70c, Mixed 45@50c.

EGGS—Strictly Fresh, cases 17@18c, Pickled—

HOMINY—2.00@2.25 per bbl.

LARD—In tierces, 10½@11c; Prints, 11@11½c; Sugar Cured 12½@13c; Sugar, Grea. 7@7½c.

NUTS—Peanuts Roasted, per Choice White, Chestnuts 4.50@5.00, Walnuts 20@25, Hickories 1.00@1.25.

ONIONS—Per bbl 2.00@2.25, Yellow Danvers 2.50@2.75, Onion sets, per bush. 2.00@2.25.

POULTRY—Live Chickens 35@40c per pair, according to size; Dressed, per lb 18@19c, Turkeys 18@19c, Geese 16@17c, Ducks 16@17c.

POTATOES—1.15@1.20 per bushel, Browns 1.20@1.25.

SALT—No. 1 per bbl 1.50; Extra per bbl 1.75, Dairy, per bbl 2.25.

SEED—Clover, White, per lb 18½, Cotton, Mixed 9@10c, Western Mixed.

SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel 2.75@3.00, Clover 4.75@5.00 per small; 5.00@5.50 per large.

TALLOW—Country Tubs, Rose Cut 10@10 per pound.

VINEGAR—Choice wine and Malt 25@30c, per gal., Standard Cider Brands 15@18c, per gal., Country 10@15c per gal as to quality.

Groceries.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb, 12½c, Choice, do 12c, Prime Rio 12c, Good Rio 10½c, Ordinary 10c, Java 30@35c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In papers, per lb., 20c; 20c; lower grades 18c, in bulk 16@18, Java, per lb., best 30@35c, Imitation 25@30c.

SUGAR—Standard A per lb, 9½c, Windsor A, 9½c; Prairie B 9c, Extra Yellow, 7½ c, Choice, 7½c, Fair to good Yellow, 7c, Prime, 6½c, Powdered 9½c, Granulated 10½c, cut loaf, 10½c.

SYRUPS—Choice maple flavored 60c, prime do 45c, choice sugar syrup 35c, prime do 30c, good do 25c, black Syrup 25c, choice New Orleans 75c.

RICE—Rangoon per lb 6½@6½c, Carolina 8@9c.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice 70c, extra prime 65c, prime 60c.

TEAS—Japan, per lb, 50@60c, Gunpowder, 50@60c, Imperial 50@60c, Young Hyson 50@60c, Oolong 50@60c, Breakfast, 50@60c.

Grain, Flour, Feed, Etc.

WHEAT—Prime Red Winter 1.35@1.40, Medium 1.30@1.35.

CORN—Ear Mixed per bush, 70@75, Yellow shelled, 70@75, Ear Corn 70@75.

OATS—Prime White Mixed, Mixed 45@50c.

RYE—Choice for Western, 60@65c for Pennsylvania and Ohio.

BARLEY—1.00@1.10 per Prime North-western Spring, 90@1.00 for inferior.

FLOUR—Fancy Patents, (spring and winter) 6.25@6.50; Fancy St. Louis (white) 6.00@6.25; Fancy Family White Amber and Winter, 5.50@5.75; Choice Family (choice red winter) 5.25@5.50; XXX Family (medium winter) 4.75@5.00; XXX Bakers (Wisconsin) 5.00@5.25; Commercial, brands in papers, Ontario, Minnesota, brands 4.50@4.75 per bbl; Fancy, 7.75@8.00; Rye Flour, 5.25@5.50; MILL FEED—White, Middlings 20.00@21.00, Coarse, do, 19.00@19.50, Brands 18.00@18.50, Screenings 17.00@17.50, Chopped Feed 18.00@18.50.

HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, 20 14.00@14.50 per ton, Prime New Loose 12.00@13.00.

Provisions and Live Stock.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb, 12½c, Ex. S. C. Shoulders 9c, Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon 12½c, Ex. S. C. Dried Beef, in sets 14c, Boned Hams, per lb 14c, Plain Shoulders 9½c, Pickled Pigs Feet 11½c, do, Cheese Hams 11½c, Mess Pork, per bbl 16.75, do, Short Cut Family 17.00 in pail, in bbl 16.50, Lard, Refined, 10½c, or one pound prints, 11½c, Pure Leaf in bbls 12½c, do, in kegs 13½c, do, in pails 13½c, do, in tubs 13½c, do, in 5 pails, 65 lbs in case 13½c, do, 4 lb pails 14½c, do, 2 lb pails 15½c, do, 1 lb pails 16½c.

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shippers 6.00@6.75 extreme, in good handpicking 6.25@6.50, Bulls and Dry Cows 4.00@4.25, Veals 6@7c.

SHEEP—Common to Fair, at 4.00@4.50, and Good to Prime, at 4.75@5.00, Lambs 6.00@6.50.

HOGS—Prime Yorkers, 6.50 to 6.60, Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 6.40@6.45, Grassers 6.30@6.35.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Statement

OF ROAD FUNDS OF CERES TOWNSHIP, April 6th, 1882:

	Dr.	
To judgments outstanding	$ 125 00	
To road orders outstanding	102 20	
To amt done Supervisor Hopkins	100 00	
To sundries Supervisor Hamilton	4 00	$1,331 15
	Cr.	
By amt special tax assessed 1881	$ 172 20	
Excess liabilities over assets	1,159 05	$1,331 15

STATEMENT OF ROAD FUNDS OF CERES TOWNSHIP, APRIL 6, 1882.

	Dr.	
To amt due J. Fregon, Poor Master	$ 8 00	
Orders outstanding	125 00	
Excess assets over liabilities	316 13	$ 333 13
	Cr.	
By amt in hands of C. H. Robinson, Poor Master, and uncollected	$ 333 13	$ 333 13

G. Z. BOYER,
WM. K. KING,
Auditors.

Ceres, Pa., April 6, 1882. 17-3t.

Notice.

In the matter of the Petition for the vacating of the part of Hill streets in the Borough of Smethport, and order for rule to show cause.

McKEAN COUNTY ss:

At a court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of McKean, held at Smethport in and for said county the 31st day of March, A. D., 1882. The petition of twelve freeholders of the vicinity, setting forth that a certain public lane or highway in the Borough of Smethport extending from Main to King streets between properties of the Asher and Smith heirs at law of O. K. Bennett, deceased, and David Barrett, and separating squares Nos. 68 and 84 on the town plot of said borough; is useless to the public and those having lands bounded thereon, and praying the court to declare said lane vacated, etc., and the same having been read, the court on consideration thereof direct a rule to show cause why such lane or highway should not be vacated, to be published in the MCKEAN MINER, a newspaper published in said borough, once a week for four weeks, and be returnable the 4th Monday of May next. By the Court.

A true copy of the original. Attest
Certified from the record this 31st day of March, 1882.

JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Clerk.
HUGH P. BRAWLEY, Dep'y.

17-4

AGENTS wanted for **Metropolitan Life Unveil'd**

BY J. W. BUELL.

Finest Illustrated Subscription Book Ever Published.

Revealing the mysteries and miseries of High and Low life in America's great cities, embracing New York, Washington City, New Orleans, Salt Lake City and San Francisco. Fashion's follies and frivolities; behind the scenes at masked balls; city tricks of pretty d

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

CONDUCTED BY R. O. CAMPBELL.

A few weeks ago, when I took charge of the educational department, the expectation was that opinions would be freely expressed by the teachers and directors of the county, not meaning to debar other citizens.

But only one communication has been received; and although every teacher in the county is doing just what the author of that article would not have done, no one has paid any attention to it. Now I think some teacher ought to either approve or disapprove. I do not say this to encourage a fiery dispute, (for I would not allow a word in the column that would injure any one's feelings,) but I would like to see the subject of Grammar discussed, because it might result in good.

I wish again to call the attention of directors to the fact that in our ungraded schools reading is more poorly taught than any other branch; that the first few lessons are more important than any others, and that reading charts are almost indispensible.

The Legislature has lately passed a bill requiring School Directors to take an oath to perform all the duties of their office without receiving any money as compensation either directly or indirectly. This is a step in the wrong direction. I know of no good reason why school directors should work for nothing any more than other people. They are not only asked to work for nothing, but are compelled to pay money out of their pockets to attend to the duties of the office.

I can name directors in this county who must pay $1.50 per day, besides their time, to attend a school meeting. Is this just? Is it consistent in our law makers, who receive good round sums, to vote that directors shall receive nothing? Better pass a bill allowing fair compensation for a reasonable amount of time spent in performing their duties. The only argument I ever heard against paying directors is that they would spend more time at their duties than would be necessary. What an idea! Just as though they would be more likely to do that than other officials, and as though they could not be made to present vouchers and show what time was spent in discharge of their duties.

The following articles ought to be in every common school. First, and most important is blackboard surface. Then there should be an unabridged dictionary; a numeral frame; a set of forms and solids; a globe; a magnet; a set of outline maps; charts for reading, etc. This is a short list, but contains much more apparatus than three-fourths of our schools possess; and the whole of it could be placed in every school in the State if the teachers made the proper effort, in two years at the farthest, without distressing or overtaxing anybody, and with great advantage to teachers and children. The teachers need waking up.—*School Journal.*

We ought to make the most of our schools, to second the efforts of the teacher by home influence, to interest ourselves in the education of our children by frequent visits to the schools; to be generous in our criticisms of their faults, free in our praises of their excellencies, and ever ready to do what we can to increase their efficiency. The Church and the school house jointly explain our greatness as a people and in proportion as the one indicates a pure Gospel and the other furnishes a sound education, will be the rapidity of our progress, the constancy of our growth, the permanency of our institutions the purity of our national life, and that glory that comes from long continued power justly exercised.

Wear your learning, like your watch, in a private pocket, and do not pull it out and strike it merely to show that you have one. If you are asked what o'clock it is, tell it; but do not proclaim it hourly and unasked, like a watchman.

No parent ought to complain of the man who furnish his children with demoralizing reading, so longh as he himself fails to provide them with good reading. Something the active young minds crave, and they will get it. It is too often the parent's fault that they get poison where they seek food.

Hints to School Boards.

1. Sustain your teachers as long as you keep them.

1. Speak well of the school when opportunities offer.

3. Give your teacher at least one word of praise to two censure.

4. Be silent as oysters when tempted to speak disparagingly of your teachers.

5. Do not, for any matter of personal feeling, denounce the teacher and ruin the school.

6. Do not think that a young teacher will make no mistakes. Exercise a healthful charity.

7. The shortest and surest method of imparting instruction is by plain statement and frequent repetition.

8. If you object to the ways of your teachers, tell them so privately, but do not proclaim it from the house tops.

9. Do not, at least, as far as you are concerned, let family or neighborhood quarrels interfere with the success of the schools.

11. Do not weaken in your support of the teachers in cases of discipline when it chances that certain favored children are the offenders.

10. If you, yourselves, have been teachers, do not try to graft your oddities upon the teachers. Each can teach best in his own way.

10. If you chance to get an incompetent teacher ask him to resign, or else sustain and aid him in every way in your power, that the best may be made of a bad matter.

12. Do not think that the world has come to an end when an Irish parent comes in like a raging cyclone, breathing vengeance from every pore. Soothe him, calm him, tell him to mind his own business, shame him, or—put him out, as occasion demands. The sooner you give him and others to understand that the teachers are going right on, and that you are going to sustain them, the sooner you will have peace.

The India-Rubber Man.

This remarkable individual has made his appearance in New York. The *Tribune* of that city gives details of a private exhibition in the presence of a large number of eminent physicians. Heinrich Haag is the name of this natural wonder, who is a native of Bavaria. His peculiarity is that the skin of any part of his body, even to the mucous membranes inside his lips, can be pulled out from two to twelve inches, and when released will assume its natural position and show no signs of having been stretched. The only case that at all resembles this one was reported three hundred years ago by a Dr Thulberg, of Vienna. Herr Haag is about 33 years old and has several children, none of whom inherits the father's peculiar cuticle. He is of medium height and has sandy hair, side whiskers and mustache, and a light complexion, slightly freckled. His skin has a perfectly natural appearance, but looked in places as if its possessor had been very fleshy, but had become thin again. Herr Haag first took the skin of his chest in both hands, pulled it upward easily and put it in his mouth. Then he pulled his forehead down and covered his face completely. When released this extended skin took its natural place at once. He next pulled his nose and chin down and outward, and then had the skin of his arms and legs stretched out till he looked like a bat or flying squirrel. The doctors examined him thoroughly and with much interest, pronounced it a case of "dermatolysis," and said that Herr Haag's cuticle was nowhere joined to his muscular tissues. The skin upon his ears, his hands, his feet and his head showed this same elastic quality. In fact, Herr Haag can wrap himself in the mantle of his elasticity, can pull the cuticle out above his knee pans and wring it like a cloth, and can slide around inside himself to a really alarming extent.

Early Navigation.

"Ever seen navigation open so early as this before?" he repeated as he glanced out of the window at the river and settled back in his chair—"bless you, yes! Why, this is no spring at all compared to the one we had along in the forties. I don't exactly remember the year, but we'll say 1844."

"Very early, was it?"

"Yes, indeed. We only had seven flakes of snow that whole winter, and they fell in December. Only seven, sir, and the other two men who kept count with me are now up in the sail loft. Shall I call them down?"

"Oh, no matter. Was the river frozen?"

"Not the first night of ice all winter."

"Did vessels continue to run?"

"Right along without a break. On the 10th of January I sailed into Buffalo with a cargo of wheat, and the weather was so warm that the men walked the decks barefooted. On the return trip I was sunstruck off Point Au Pelee."

"Is that possible?"

"That's a dead fact. That was a sad trip for me, both financially and physically."

"Why, you didn't lose any money, did you?"

"Not on the cargo, but going off just at the time I did and being gone eleven days threw my garden patch all behind and it never caught up."

"But you got over the sunstroke?"

"Not entirely, and probably never shall. I can't talk five minutes without feeling dry, and if I should go to ask you to have a glass of beer with me I'd stutter over it so long that you'd have a chance to ask me twice to drink with you * * * * *

No, young man," he continued, as he carefully put the glass down, "don't try to rush the season. Early navigation has no money in it, and the result is an infirmity which will follow me to the grave. I always smoke after drinking—thanks—don't care if I do—I prefer dark color—and yet—that is, don't rush things. There's nothing gained by it."—*Detroit Free Press.*

She Forgot She Was Married

It is related of an absent-minded young lady that, having been duly married, she started off on her bridal tour. The party stopped at a Western city. Some time in the night there came a succession of terrific shrieks from the room occupied by the bride and bridegroom, and the clerks, porters and employes generally rushed up stairs only to meet a frantic female, clad in white, fleeing in desperate haste from her apartment, crying, "Oh, there's a man in my room!" The clerk rushed in and found the groom half robed, standing in the middle of the floor, one boot on and the other in his hand, the picture of amazement. He explained that he had just come upstairs, and was in the act of undressing, his wife having previously retired, when she suddenly awoke with a shriek and fled. "What was the matter?" asked the clerk. "Damfino," said the husband. Just then the bride, enveloped in a huge bedspread, procured for her by a chamber-maid, came back, looking very red and foolish, and in half a minute she explained the mystery by saying, "Oh, Fred, I forgot I was married, and when I awoke I was so frightened."

Agricultural Notes.

A rural subscriber wants to know if it makes any difference in the lastingness of fence-posts whether you set them "top-end up," or the same way the trees grow, or "top-end down?" Not a bit. A fence-post will last just as long set "top-end up" or "top-end down." In setting a hen, however, there is a vital importance in this distinction which the careful poulterer will do wisely to observe.

Important Law.

A bit of school law, of particular interest at the present time, is the following:

That it shall not be lawful for the county superintendents, directors, or controllers, or the other persons officially connected with the common school system, to become agents for the sale of any school books, maps, charts, school apparatus, stationery, or to receive open commission for such sale, in any manner whatsoever, and any violation of this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor and punishable with fine or imprisonment. That it shall not be lawful for any director or president of any school board in this Commonwealth or be interested in the furnishing of books or any other supplies for said schools.

Valuable Remedy for a Painful Disease

Parmelee's Pills Superseding act promptly in allaying all inflammation of the rectum and by being easily dissolved are readily absorbed into the system, healing the diseased and irritated condition of these organs. They are convenient for self application, causing no unpleasantness, and affording such satisfactory results, that to any one afflicted with that disease, the Pills, they are invaluable. By direct applications to the seat of the disease, they are the most efficacious means of cure to be met, are particularly useful in cases attended with rigid contraction of the sphincter ani. Price 50 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Why "We do It"

We offer you Parmelee's Dyspepsia Compound because we know it will cure you. We are tired of seeing that sad, dispirited air, tired of seeing you suffer so when you have only to use the compound to find speedy relief. We know that this disease, Dyspepsia, unless cured, may continue for years, embittering your life and leading to an early decline. Then secure the compound and be once more restored to life and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle, sample bottle, 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Grateful Women.

None receive so much benefit, and none are so profoundly grateful and show such an interest in recommending Hop Bitters as women. It is the only remedy peculiarly adopted to the many ills the sex is almost universally subject to. Chills and fever, indigestion or deranged liver, constant or periodical sick headaches, weakness in the back or kidneys, pain in the shoulders and different parts of the body, a feeling of lassitude and despondency, are all readily removed by these Bitters.

Profit, $1,200.

"To sum it up, six long years of bed-ridden sickness, costing $200 per year, total $1,200—all of this expense was stopped by three bottles of Hop Bitters taken by my wife. She has done her own house work for a year since, without the loss of a day, and I want every body to know it, for their benefit."

Billousness.

Are you bilious? Do you suffer from sick headache, sick stomach, dizziness, constipation? Does your appetite fail? Are you averse to all exertion, dull and languid? Is life almost a burden? If so your blood is impure, your liver torpid, you need a medicine that will relieve you. Parmelee's Blood Purifier will meet your case in every instance. It is simple but efficacious. Price $1 per bottle, sample bottle 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

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Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery. And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day

An Electric night bell is connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

WHENCE COMES THE UNBOUNDED POPULARITY OF Allcock's Porous Plasters?

Because they have proved themselves the Best External Remedy ever invented. They will cure asthma, colds, coughs, rheumatism, neuralgia, and any local pains.

Applied to the small of the back they are infallible in Back Ache, Nervous Debility, and all Kidney troubles, to the pit of the stomach they are a sure cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS are painless, fragrant, and quick to cure. Beware of imitations that blister and burn. Get ALLCOCK'S, the only Genuine Porous Plaster. 14-eow-12t

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES!

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

against the world for time and money. All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

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C. V. GILLIS,

Dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$500 REWARD!

Offered by Millions of Prof Gilmette's FRENCH Kidney Pads

Have already been sold in this country and in France, every one of which has given perfect satisfaction. We have never had to pay the above reward for a single case of

LAME BACK

And have in almost every instance where used according to directions, given relief in from one to six days. We do not say in a few cases of doubtful cures that we will pay the above reward for a single case of

LAME BACK

That the Pad fails to cure. This Great Remedy will DO IT PERFECTLY and PERMANENTLY cure Lumbago, Lame Back, Sciatica, Grave, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Uric Acid Gravel, Incontinence and Retention of the Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, Highly Colored Urine, Pain in the Back, Hips or Loins, Nervous Weakness, and in fact all Diseases of the Bladder and Urinary Organs, who have endeavored by private disease or other means.

LADIES, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, or any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs,

You Can Be Cured

Without awakening unpleasant medicine, by simply wearing

Prof. Gilmette's

FRENCH KIDNEY PAD,

WHICH CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Ask your druggist for Prof. Gilmette's French Kidney Pad, and have no other. If he does not keep it, send $2.00 and you will receive the Pad by return mail.

Testimonials from the People.

JUDGE BUCHANAN, Lawyer, Toledo, O., says: "Prof. Gilmette's French Kidney Pads cured me of Lumbago in three weeks time. My case had been given up by the best doctors in Toledo. During all this time I suffered untold agony and paid out large sums of money."

GEORGE FETTER, J. P., Toledo, O., says: "I have used the above remedy with the most satisfactory results. I was entirely and permanently cured of Kidney Disease, and from what I have seen of Prof. Gilmette's French Kidney Pads since, I am willing to say I know I am conservative in saying they cured me."

MRS. REUBEN JEROME, Toledo, O., says: "I have been a great sufferer for many years with Kidney Disease, and have tried various remedies without relief. I finally concluded to try Prof. Gilmette's French Kidney Pads, and was surprised to find that in a few days I was entirely relieved. I cheerfully recommend them to all suffering as I have done."

H. HERRES, of Toledo, O., says: "I suffered for years with lame back, and in that time was under the care of many physicians, but received no relief. Prof. Gilmette's French Kidney Pads cured me in a few days, and I have not been troubled with lame back since."

RAY & HOUSEKEEPER, Druggists, Hannibal, Mo., say: "We have had a lively trade in the Pad, and a large number of good results from them in every day."

Prof. Gilmette's French Liver Pad

Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Agues, Malaria, or Every Form of Chills and Fever. Price $1.00 by mail. Send for Prof. Gilmette's Treatise on the Kidneys and Liver. Address

PROF. GILMETTE, Toledo, Ohio.

For sale by A. B. Armstrong

PLUMBING Gas and Steam Fitting.

As the citizens of Smethport are about to introduce water into their houses,

IRLBACKER & DAVIS,

No. 503 Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

AND

IRLBACKER, DAVIS & CO.,

No. 144 Union Street,

OLEAN, N. Y.

Offer their services to the citizens desired in the line of Plumbing Gas and Steam Fitting, guaranteeing the best possible work and materials at the lowest possible prices.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

LARABEE GREENHOUSE,

has more plants than ever, and finer.

Winter Blooming Plants

IN MANY VARIETIES.

Cut Flowers to Order or in Designs.

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES -AT- Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers' Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,

May 8, 1879-tf Farmers' Valley, Pa.

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All the Blanks named below are kept in stock at the MINER Office, Smethport, Pa. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly filled. Any kind of blank not named in this list will be printed on short notice at the same price of those kept in stock.

Amicable Actions,
Amicable Scire Facias,
Amicable Sci. Fa. sur Appeal,
Affidavit and Recognizance for Appeal,
Attorney's Confession on Judgt Note,
Affidavit and Attachment for Board,
Attachments,
Attorney's Receipts,
Bond of Indemnity to Constable,
Bond—Liquors,
Bond—Peddlers,
Bond—Constables,
Bond of def't in Attachm't,
Bond for stay of exec'n,
Blank notices,
Commissions,
Constable's sale,
Collector's Sale,
Contract—Land,
Contract—Timber,
Charters of Incorporation, with app. Commissioners—Letter of Instructions,
Deed—Warranty,
Deed—Ft. Fa.
Deed—Quit Claim,
Declaration (Common Counts (3 kinds,)
Executions:
Knock Notice,
Foreign Attachment,
Landlord Mortgages,
Lease—Oil (3 kinds,)
Lease—Land,
Magistrate's Docket,
Marriage Certificates,
Note—Judgment,
Notice of Protest,
Mort. with copy of account,
Oath & bond for adm'r (with Petition for License,
Precipe,
Precipe for Summons,
Precipe & Sum'ns under Jag's,
Precipe for Ft. Fa.
Precipe for Sci. Fa.
Precipe for Summons in Ass'pt,
Plaintiff's Statement and Notice,
Plaintiff's Bond in Replevin,
Poor Orders,
Promissory Note,
Record of Judgments and Liens,
Road Orders,
Summons,
Subpœnas,
Scire Facias to Revive Judgment,
Sheriff's Bill of Sale,
Statement for Judgment on Motion,
School Orders,
Transcript—Commonwealth,
Transcript—Civil,
Warrants,
Attachments for Witness,
Sci. Fa. upon Recognizance.

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School Books, Blank Books.

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Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious room Masonic Hall building next door to W. D. Conlin's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING, HAIR-CUTTING, SHAMPOOING,

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

Bath Rooms Attached.

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Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

And the Purest and Best Medical Qualities in the World.

THEY CURE

A Complaint of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints, and Diseases of the Sexual System.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Or for anything impure or injurious found in them. Such is their Purity, Power and Goodness.

Ask your Druggist for Hop Bitters. Take no other.

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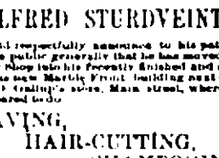

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AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY.

Removes the Worms and the worm-breeding humor. Regenerates the Vital Fluids. Wakes up the whole system, restores the Appetite, Health and Vigor. It is a thorough Worm Destroyer and Purifier. There is no Humbug or quackery about it. It is thoroughly reliable and effective. Sold by druggists. Price per box, 25 cts.

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PLANTS and SEEDS FOR EVERYBODY.

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Have Just Opened the Largest and Most complete Stock of

Boys' and Childrens'

CLOTHING

To be found anywhere. Their stock of

—GENTS'—

FURNISHING GOODS,

IS IMMENSE.

Those preferring garments made to order can be accommodated, as a large stock of Foreign and Domestic piece goods is always on hand, and good fits guaranteed.

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ASIATIC AGUE CURE

INVARIABLY

Gives Immediate Relief and Cure IN THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:

FEVER AND AGUE,
MALARIA,
BILIOUSNESS,
JAUNDICE,
DYSPEPSIA,
SICK HEADACHE,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
SCIATIC RHEUMATISM,
DEBILITY,
LOSS OF APPETITE,

IS A

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,
IS THE BEST OF TONICS,
Prevents YELLOW FEVER

AND

All CONTAGIOUS DISEASES!

Read what Others say

Wm. Fay, New Boston, N. J. says: As the Agent Cure never failed in my case, I feel bound to say I had had the many years. My father-in-law was cured of Fever and Ague.

J. B. Bogert, of Ridge Ave., Jersey City, N. J., writes: "I paid $50 for Quinine and Doctor's bills and got no relief. I tried your Asiatic Cure, which cured me of Chills and Fever. It is a real boon for the live."

S. F. Morse, Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "Asiatic Cure relieved me of Dyspepsia. I have everything else had failed."

John Howe, Greenpoint, L. I., says: "Fever and Ague broke after I took one bottle of Asiatic Cure, coming from homesickness and impure water. Your Asiatic certainly cured me."

F. A. Hemmer, Clinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "I had the Chills for 15 years. Doctors on the Island gave me all I needed for paralyzing and making the Chills worse."

Ask your Druggist for Asiatic Ague Cure.

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THE ONLY PERFECT

SEWING MACHINE

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME

Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST.

The NEW HOME is positively The Simplest, Easiest Running, Most Reliable, Most Durable and Most Popular Sewing Machine ever invented.

It combines the good points of all other machines with none of their defects.

Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.

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STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful indiscretion causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Cliff street, N. Y. 8-1y

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Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

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LATH,
PLASTER and
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Furnished at the LOWEST RATES.

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Lv Northward	STATIONS.	Lv Southward
P.M. A.M.		A.M. P.M.
2.45 8.00	Larrabees	11.35 5.35
2.37 8.00	Fristoe	11.42 5.42
2.29 8.32	Pioneers Valley	11.53 5.54
2.19 8.42	Smethport	12.06 6.06
1.50 8.50	Crosby	12.30 6.31
1.46 7.56	Cowgervre	12.33 6.35
1.41 7.50	Hamlin	12.37 6.39
1.31 7.35	Warsaw	12.45 6.53
1.27 7.30	Clermont	12.57 7.10

BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAILroad Time Table. Takes effect Monday, December 26, 1880.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	1	3	5	7
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Bradford, Dep	7 00	9 45	1 45	5 00
Erie Crossing	7 06	9 50	1 50	5 05
Tarport	7 16	9 59	1 59	5 14
Chapin	7 20	10 03	2 03	5 18
Hazlewood	7 26	10 10	2 10	5 24
Forest	7 30	10 15	2 15	5 28
Taylor	7 37	10 22	2 22	5 35
Maplewood	7 41	10 26	2 27	5 40
Kinzua Junction	7 45	10 30	2 30	5 43
Marvin	7 50	10 36	2 37	5 48
Meade City	7 55	10 41	2 42	5 53
Mayhew	8 00	10 46	2 47	5 58
New City	8 05	10 51	2 52	6 03
Rexford, Ar	8 10	10 57	2 58	6 08
Jamesons, Dep	7 55	10 20	2 20	5 45
Allens	7 55	10 40	2 40	6 05
Alden	7 55	10 40	2 40	6 05
Davis Switch	8 05	10 50	2 50	6 05
Van Vleck's	8 05	10 55	2 55	6 05
Simpsons	8 05	11 00	3 00	6 05
Dermody's	8 20	11 15	3 15	6 20
Smethport, Ar	9 00	11 55	3 55	7 00

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	2	4	6	8
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Smethport, Dep	8 30	9 15	1 15	6 30
Dermody's	7 05	9 47	1 47	6 05
Simpsons	7 17	10 00	2 00	6 17
Van Vleck	7 20	10 05	2 05	6 20
Davis Switch	7 27	10 12	2 12	6 27
Alden	7 30	10 15	2 15	6 30
Allens	7 30	10 15	2 20	6 30
Jamesons	7 37	10 22	2 27	6 37
Rexford, Ar	7 42	10 27	2 32	6 42
Mayhew	7 46	10 31	2 37	6 46
New City	7 51	10 36	2 42	6 51
Meade City	7 56	10 41	2 47	6 56
Marvin	8 01	10 46	2 52	7 01
Kinzua Junction	8 06	10 51	2 57	7 06
Maplewood	8 10	10 55	3 01	7 10
Taylor	8 14	10 59	3 05	7 14
Forest	8 20	11 05	3 11	7 20
Hazlewood	8 25	11 10	3 16	7 25
Chapin	8 29	11 14	3 20	7 29
Tarport	8 33	11 18	3 24	7 33
Erie Crossing	8 37	11 22	3 28	7 37
Bradford, Ar	8 50	11 35	3 45	7 50

Trains will be run by New York time.

Driving Cart will work the 4.30 p. m. train will be held at Smethport until 6.00 p. m.

All Passenger Trains make direct connections at Kinzua Junction with trains to and from New City and Rexford.

SUNDAY TRAINS leave Bradford at 9.45 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Leave Smethport at 9.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

B. C. WILLIAMS, Supt.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia R'y.

Trains Run on Buffalo Time.

NO SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTHWARD.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.
A. m. p. m.	Lv.	Ar. p. m. a. m.
" M. 6 00	5 25 Buffalo	4 00 2 00 5 20
" M. 6 21	Kleinsaar	3 16 5 20
" M. 6 31	Spring Brook	3 05 4 41
" M. 6 42	Elma	2 50 4 30 5 54
" M. 6 45	Jamison	2 45 5 57
" M. 6 51	East Aurora	2 42 2 24 6 01 6 17
" M. 6 58	Wales	2 36 6 27
" M. 7 03	Holland	2 30 6 37
" M. 7 10	Protection	2 23 6 47
" M. 7 20	11 20 N. & N. R. R. Jun.	9 17 6 55
" M. 7 31	11 34 Arcade	9 05 3 13 7 06
" M. 7 37	11 46 Yorkshire	8 55 3 22 7 16
" M. 7 48	11 56 Machias Junc.	8 46 3 37 7 32
" M. 7 54	12 05 Franklinville	8 38 3 47 7 42
" M. 8 05	Ischua	10 13 8 25 7 59
" M. 8 15	Rinedale	10 03 8 05 8 09
" M. 8 22	10 27 Erie Ry Junc	10 41 8 32 8 17
" M. 8 30	10 34 Olean	10 46 8 38 8 30
a.m. 8 45	10 50 Weston	10 30 8 05 —
" 8 55	11 00 Portville	10 20 7 55 —
" 9 10	11 20 Eldred	11 05 8 10 —
" 9 27	11 37 Larrabees	11 32 8 27 —
" 9 33	11 43 Sartwell	11 26 8 33 —
" 9 41	11 51 Turtle Point	11 18 8 41 —
" 9 47	11 57 Port Allegany	11 12 8 47 —
" 9 53	12 03 Liberty	11 06 8 53 —
" 9 58	12 08 Keating	11 01 8 58 —
" 10 04	12 14 Sheppton	10 55 9 04 —
" 10 10	12 20 Lyman	10 49 9 10 —
p.m.	a.m. Lv.	Ar. p.m. a.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Buffalo, with all Railroads diverging.
At N. & N. Ry Junction, with N. & N. Ry.
At Machias Junc., with Rochester & Pitts. R. R.
At Erie Ry Junc with N. Y., L. E. & W. Ry.
At Olean, with B. & W. Div. for Bradford.
At Eldred, with K. & P. Ry for Bradford.
At Larrabees, with McKean & Buffalo Ry.
At Emporium, with Philadelphia & E. Ry.
Trains leaving Buffalo at 2 p. m. & Erie at 2 p. m. connect once at Emporium for points North and East. Through Sleeping Car from Emporium.

WM. B. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass't Agent. O. McD. GARDNER, Gen. Supt.

In effect Dec. 28 1880.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 31, 1881, the trains on the Phila. & Erie R. R. Div. will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Niagara Ex. leaves	Phila	8 00 a. m.
" " "	Renova	3 45 p. m.
" " "	Driftwood	7 00 "
" " "	Emporium	7 50 "
" " "	St. Mary's	8 47 "
" " arrive at	Kane	10 05 "
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 30 "
" " "	Renova	11 05 a. m.
" " "	Driftwood	12 15 p. m.
" " "	Emporium	1 30 p. m.
" " "	St. Mary's	2 30 "
" " "	Kane	3 55 "
" " arrive at	Erie	7 45 "

EASTWARD.

DAY EX. leaves	Kane	8 00 a. m.
" " "	St. Mary's	7 17 a. m.
" " "	Emporium	6 10 p. m.
" " "	Driftwood	5 57 p. m.
" " "	Renova	4 30 p. m.
" " arrive at	Phila.	7 00 "
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	11 25 a. m.
" " "	Kane	6 15 p. m.
" " "	St. Mary's	6 50 p. m.
" " "	Emporium	6 30 p. m.
" " "	Driftwood	7 42 "
" " "	Renova	9 00 "
" " arrive at	Phila.	7 00 a. m.

Erie Mail and Niagara Express connect with Lake Grade Division; Erie Mail West and Day Express connect with N. Y., L. E. & W. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

I employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And my work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., April 24, 1879

PE-RU-NA

$3,000

Will be paid if any Imperfection or poisonous mineral is ever found in PE-RU-NA.

PE-RU-NA is purely a vegetable compound. It is not composed in part of Mercury, Iodide of Potash, Sarsaparilla, Copaiba, Cubebs, Balsam Fir, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Saltpetre, Opium, Morphine, Alcohol, Strychnine, Arsenic, Antimony, Lead, Zinc, Copper, Iron, Quinine, Tobacco, Lobelia, Ipecac, Blue Mass, Calomel, Blue Pill, Nitrate of Silver, Chloride of Gold, Bromide of Potassium, Iodide of Potassium, Chloride of Sodium, Chloride of Ammonium, Chloride of Calcium, Chloride of Magnesium, Chloride of Aluminum, Chloride of Iron, Chloride of Zinc, Chloride of Copper, Chloride of Lead, Chloride of Antimony, Chloride of Arsenic, Chloride of Nickel, Chloride of Cobalt, Chloride of Platinum, Chloride of Gold, Chloride of Silver, Chloride of Tin, Chloride of Cadmium, Chloride of Barium, Chloride of Strontium, Chloride of Lithium, Chloride of Cæsium, Chloride of Rubidium, Chloride of Thallium, Chloride of Glucinum, Chloride of Yttrium, Chloride of Zirconium, Chloride of Thorium, Chloride of Cerium, Chloride of Lanthanum, Chloride of Didymium, Chloride of Terbium, Chloride of Erbium, Chloride of Ruthenium, Chloride of Rhodium, Chloride of Palladium, Chloride of Osmium, Chloride of Iridium, Chloride of Tellurium, Chloride of Titanium, Chloride of Tantalum, Chloride of Molybdenum, Chloride of Vanadium, Chloride of Tungsten, Chloride of Uranium, Chloride of Selenium, Chloride of Columbium, Chloride of Pelopium, Chloride of Mosandrium, Chloride of Philippium, Chloride of Davyum, Chloride of Norium, Chloride of Hydrofluoric Acid, Chloride of Sulphuric Acid, Chloride of Nitric Acid, Chloride of Hydrochloric Acid, Chloride of Phosphoric Acid, Chloride of Boracic Acid, Chloride of Carbonic Acid, Chloride of Silicic Acid, Chloride of Oxalic Acid, Chloride of Tartaric Acid, Chloride of Citric Acid, Chloride of Acetic Acid, Chloride of Lactic Acid, Chloride of Prussic Acid, Chloride of Benzoic Acid, Chloride of Salicylic Acid